UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2011

Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
 For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-19672

American Superconductor Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| Delaware | 04-2959321 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| (State or other jurisdiction of | (I.R.S. Employer |
| incorporation or organization) | Identification No.) |
| | |

64 Jackson Road, Devens, Massachusetts

(Address of principal executive offices)

01434 Zin Cod

(Zip Code)

(978) 842-3000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗹 No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

 Large accelerated filer o
 Accelerated filer I
 Non-accelerated filer o
 Smaller reporting company o

 (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No 🗵

Shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock:

Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share

Class

51,421,143 Outstanding as of November 1, 2011

AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION

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AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands)

| | September 30, | March 31, 2011 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 93,511 | \$ 123,783 |
| Marketable securities | 5,378 | 116,126 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 18,150 | 15,259 |
| Inventory | 31,284 | 25,828 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 44,982 | 32,759 |
| Restricted cash | 8,261 | 5,566 |
| Deferred tax assets | 484 | 484 |
| Total current assets | 202,050 | 319,805 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 97,509 | 96,494 |
| Intangibles, net | 6,391 | 7,054 |
| Restricted cash | 1,113 | _ |
| Deferred tax assets | 5,840 | 5,840 |
| Other assets | 12,825 | 12,016 |
| Total assets | \$ 325,728 | \$ 441,209 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 59,609 | \$ 90,273 |
| Adverse purchase commitments | 34,456 | 38,763 |
| Deferred revenue | 14,196 | 10,304 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 5,840 | 5,840 |
| Total current liabilities | 114,101 | 145,180 |
| Deferred revenue | 1,904 | 2,181 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 484 | 484 |
| Other | 1,012 | 509 |
| Total liabilities | 117,501 | 148,354 |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 10) | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock | 515 | 507 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 891,845 | 885,704 |
| Treasury stock | (271) | _ |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 2,699 | 3,817 |
| A commulated deficit | (696 E61) | (E07 172) |

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

Accumulated deficit

Total stockholders' equity

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

(686,561)

208,227

\$ 325,728

(597, 173)

292,855

\$ 441,209

AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share data)

| | | onths ended ember 30 | | onths ended tember 30, |
|--|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Revenues | \$ 20,800 | \$ 98,073 | \$ 29,858 | \$195,283 |
| Cost and operating expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of revenues | 21,937 | 59,416 | 38,892 | 117,640 |
| Research and development | 7,276 | 7,857 | 15,411 | 15,192 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 17,560 | 17,346 | 39,550 | 32,529 |
| Write-off of advance payment | 20,551 | | 20,551 | — |
| Amortization of acquisition related intangibles | 300 | 374 | 604 | 762 |
| Restructuring and impairments | 4,301 | | 4,301 | |
| Total cost and operating expenses | 71,925 | 84,993 | 119,309 | 166,123 |
| Operating (loss) income | (51,125) | 13,080 | (89,451) | 29,160 |
| Interest income, net | 2 | 191 | 243 | 367 |
| Other income, net | 355 | 2,448 | 920 | 2,618 |
| Income (loss) before income tax expense | (50,768) | 15,719 | (88,288) | 32,145 |
| Income tax expense | 941 | 7,880 | 1,100 | 15,137 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (51,709) | \$ 7,839 | \$ (89,388) | \$ 17,008 |
| Net (loss) income per common share Basic | \$ (1.02) | \$ 0.17 | \$ (1.76) | \$ 0.37 |
| Diluted | \$ (1.02) | \$ 0.17 | \$ (1.76) | \$ 0.37 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding | | | | |
| Basic | 50,876 | 45,482 | 50,716 | 45,363 |
| Diluted | 50,876 | 46,217 | 50,716 | 46,099 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME (In thousands)

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Six months ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (51,709) | \$ 7,839 | \$(89,388) | \$ 17,008 |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax: | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation (losses) gains | (2,242) | 16,506 | (1,107) | 4,171 |
| Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges | — | 1,463 | — | 1,319 |
| Unrealized losses on investments | (20) | (33) | (11) | (55) |
| Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax | (2,262) | 17,936 | (1,118) | 5,435 |
| Comprehensive (loss) income | \$ (53,971) | \$ 25,775 | \$ (90,506) | \$ 22,443 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

| | Six months ende | <u>d September 30,</u> 2010 |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (89,388) | \$ 17,008 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operations: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 6,670 | 5,428 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 5,579 | 8,006 |
| Provision for excess and obsolete inventory | 1,503 | 580 |
| Adverse purchase commitment losses, net | 167 | |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | | (4) |
| Write-off of advance payment | 20,551 | |
| Write-off of prepaid value added taxes | | 431 |
| Restructuring charges | 2,174 | |
| Impairment of long-lived assets | 918 | _ |
| Deferred income taxes | _ | (793) |
| Other non-cash items | 1,792 | 1,107 |
| Changes in operating asset and liability accounts: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (3,709) | (32,504) |
| Inventory | (6,800) | (10,348) |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | (12,529) | (6,620) |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (37,633) | 8,011 |
| Deferred revenue | 3,809 | 7,820 |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (106,896) | (1,878) |
| | _(,) | (_,_,_) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (7,303) | (17,950) |
| Purchase of marketable securities | | (25,283) |
| Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities | 111,070 | 15,482 |
| Change in restricted cash | (3,781) | 253 |
| Purchase of intangible assets | (768) | (1,615) |
| Purchase of minority investments | (1,800) | (8,000) |
| Advance payment for previously planned acquisition | (20,551) | — |
| Change in other assets | (639) | (182) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | 76,228 | (37,295) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Payments in lieu of issuance of common stock for payroll taxes | (271) | — |
| Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options and ESPP | 150 | 1,574 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (121) | 1,574 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 517 | 2,620 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (30,272) | (34,979) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 123,783 | 87,594 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 93,511 | \$ 52,615 |
| Supplemental schedule of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid for income taxes | 18,147 | \$ 10,003 |
| Non-cash contingent consideration in connection with acquisitions | | 6,925 |
| Non-cash issuance of common stock | 421 | 419 |
| | /=1 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Description of the Business and Basis of Presentation

American Superconductor Corporation ("AMSC" or the "Company") was founded on April 9, 1987. The Company is a leading provider of megawatt-scale solutions that lower the cost of wind power and enhance the performance of the power grid. In the wind power market, the Company enables manufacturers to field wind turbines through its advanced engineering, support services and power electronics products. In the power grid market, the Company enables electric utilities and renewable energy project developers to connect, transmit and distribute power through its transmission planning services and power electronics and superconductor based products. The Company's wind and power grid products and services provide exceptional reliability, security, efficiency and affordability to its customers.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") instructions to Form 10-Q. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those instructions. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 and the financial position at September 30, 2011. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications of prior year amounts have been made to conform to current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on net income, cash flows from operating activities or stockholders' equity.

The Company operates its business in two market-facing business units: Wind and Grid. The Company believes this market-centric structure enables it to effectively anticipate and meet the needs of wind turbine manufacturers, power generation project developers and electric utilities.

- Wind. Through its Windtec Solutions, the Wind business segment enables manufacturers to field wind turbines with exceptional power output, reliability and affordability. The Company licenses its highly engineered wind turbine designs, provides extensive customer support services and supplies advanced power electronics and control systems to wind turbine manufactures. The Company's design portfolio includes a broad range of drive trains and power ratings up to 10 megawatts. The Company believes its unique engineering capabilities, ranging from bearings to advanced synchronous generators to blades, enables it to provide its partners with highly-optimized wind turbine platforms. Furthermore, these designs and support services typically lead to sales of its power electronics and software-based control systems, which are designed for optimized performance, efficiency and grid compatibility.
- *Grid.* Through its Gridtec Solutions, the Grid business segment enables electric utilities and renewable energy project developers to connect, transmit and distribute power with exceptional efficiency, reliability and affordability. The Company provides transmission planning services that allows it to identify power grid congestion, poor power quality and other risks, which helps it determine how its solutions can improve network performance. These services often lead to sales of grid interconnection solutions for wind farms and solar power plants, power quality systems and transmission and distribution cable systems.

On March 12, 2011, the Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement, by and among the Company and the shareholders of The Switch Engineering Oy, a power technologies company headquartered in Finland ("The Switch"), which was amended on June 29, 2011 (as amended, the "Agreement"). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company agreed to acquire all of the outstanding shares of The Switch. On October 28, 2011, the Company and The Switch entered into a termination agreement pursuant to which the parties mutually agreed to terminate the Agreement due to adverse market conditions for a financing required to fund the acquisition. Under the termination agreement, The Switch retained a \$20.6 million advance payment as a break-up fee. As a result, the Company recorded a write-off of the advance payment during the three months ended September 30, 2011.

At September 30, 2011, the Company had cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted cash of \$108.3 million. The Company's business plan anticipates a substantial decline in revenues and a substantial use of cash from operations in its fiscal year ending March 31, 2012, particularly in light of the difficult and uncertain current economic

environment, particularly in China, the significant restructuring actions undertaken and the slowdown in the Chinese wind power market, which has accounted for more than two-thirds of the Company's revenues in recent fiscal years. The Company's plan includes a significant restructuring undertaken in August 2011, resulting in the elimination of approximately 150 positions worldwide. Since April 1, 2011, the Company has eliminated approximately 30% of its workforce and it expects to reduce annualized expenses by \$30 million annually as a result of these reductions. The Company plans to continue to closely monitor its expenses and if required, will further reduce operating costs and capital spending to enhance liquidity. The Company believes that its available cash, together with additional reductions in operating costs and capital expenditures as necessary will be sufficient to fund its operations, capital expenditures and other cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. The Company's long-term liquidity is dependent on its ability to profitably grow its revenues or raise additional capital as required. If necessary, the Company may seek financing through public or private equity offerings, debt financings, or other financing alternatives. However, there can be no assurance that financing will be available on acceptable terms or at all.

The results of operations for an interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the fiscal year. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011 (fiscal 2010) which are contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Company's fiscal year begins on April 1 and ends on March 31. This document refers to fiscal 2011, which is defined as the period beginning on April 1, 2011 and concluding on March 31, 2012. The second quarter of fiscal 2011 began on July 1, 2011 and concluded on September 30, 2011.

2. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation at fair value. The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense by financial statement line item for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

| | | months ended ptember 30, | | nonths ended otember 30, |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Cost of revenues | \$ 440 | \$ 452 | \$ 769 | \$ 835 |
| Research and development | 665 | 690 | 1,325 | 1,159 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 1,008 | 3,286 | 3,485 | 6,012 |
| Total | \$ 2,113 | \$ 4,428 | \$ 5,579 | \$ 8,006 |

During the six months ended September 30, 2011, the Company granted approximately 785,000 and 387,000 shares of stock options and restricted stock, respectively, to employees under the 2007 Stock Incentive Plan. The restricted stock granted during the six months ended September 30, 2011 includes approximately 100,000 shares of performance-based restricted stock, which will vest upon achievement of certain financial performance measurements. The Company recognizes the fair value of the performance based awards over the estimated period of each award for which the achievement of the performance measures are probable to occur. The remaining shares granted vest upon the passage of time, generally three years. For awards that vest upon the passage of time, expense is being recorded over the vesting period.

The estimated fair value of the Company's stock-based awards, less expected annual forfeitures, is amortized over the awards' service period. The total unrecognized compensation cost for unvested outstanding stock options was \$9.5 million as of September 30, 2011. This expense will be recognized over a weighted average expense period of approximately 2.4 years. The total unrecognized compensation cost for unvested outstanding restricted stock was \$5.2 million as of September 30, 2011. This expense will be recognized over a weighted average expense period of approximately 1.9 years.

The weighted-average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes valuation model for stock options granted during the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

| | | Three months ended September 30, | | ended er 30, |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Expected volatility | 77.6% | 61.5% | 69.3% | 65.6% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 1.2% | 1.6% | 1.8% | 2.1% |
| Expected life (years) | 5.9 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 6.2 |
| Dividend yield | None | None | None | None |

The expected volatility rate was estimated based on an equal weighting of the historical volatility of the Company's common stock and the implied volatility of the Company's traded options. The expected term was estimated based on an analysis of the Company's historical experience of exercise, cancellation, and expiration patterns. The risk-free interest rate is based on the average of the five and seven year U.S. Treasury rates.

In conjunction with the departure of certain former executive officers, the Company agreed to modify certain vested awards by extending the period over which each former officer would be entitled to exercise stock options and accelerated the vesting of certain other outstanding awards. Accordingly, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense related to these modifications of \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

3. Computation of Net (Loss) Income per Common Share

Basic net (loss) income per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net (loss) income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Where applicable, diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net (loss) income by the weighted-average number of common shares and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during the period, calculated using the treasury stock method. Common equivalent shares include the effect of restricted stock, exercise of stock options and warrants and contingently issuable shares. For the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, common equivalent shares of 2.6 million shares and 1.3 million shares, respectively, and 2.6 million shares and 0.9 million shares, respectively, were not included in the calculation of diluted EPS as they were considered anti-dilutive.

The following table reconciles the numerators and denominators of the earnings per share calculation for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands, except per share data):

| | | months ended tember 30, 2010 | | onths ended ember 30, 2010 |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Net (loss) income | <u>\$ (51,709</u>) | \$ 7,839 | <u>\$ (89,388</u>) | \$ 17,008 |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding | 51,232 | 45,694 | 51,090 | 45,597 |
| Weighted-average shares subject to repurchase | (356) | (212) | (374) | (234) |
| Shares used in per-share calculation — basic Dilutive effect of employee equity incentive plans | 50,876 | 45,482 735 | 50,716 | 45,363 736 |
| Dirative effect of employee equity meentive plans | | | | |
| Shares used in per-share calculation — diluted | 50,876 | 46,217 | 50,716 | 46,099 |
| Net (loss) income per share — basic | \$ (1.02) | \$ 0.17 | \$ (1.76) | \$ 0.37 |
| | ^ | | | |
| Net (loss) income per share — diluted | <u>\$ (1.02)</u> | \$ 0.17 | <u>\$ (1.76)</u> | \$ 0.37 |
| | 9 | | | |

4. Fair Value Measurements

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance related to disclosures of fair value measurements. The guidance requires gross presentation of activity within the Level 3 measurement roll-forward and details of transfers in and out of Level 1 and 2 measurements. It also clarifies two existing disclosure requirements on the level of disaggregation of fair value measurements and disclosures on inputs and valuation techniques. A change in the hierarchy of an investment from its current level will be reflected in the period during which the pricing methodology of such investment changes. Disclosure of the transfer of securities from Level 1 to Level 2 or Level 3 will be made in the event that the related security is significant to total cash and investments. The Company did not have any transfers of assets and liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value measurement hierarchy during the three months ended September 30, 2011.

A valuation hierarchy for disclosure of the inputs to valuation used to measure fair value has been established. This hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three broad levels as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The Company develops these inputs based on the best information available, including its own data.

A financial asset's or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table provides the assets carried at fair value, measured as of September 30, 2011 and March 31, 2011 (in thousands):

| | Total Carrying Value | Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1) | Using Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|
| September 30, 2011: | | | , <u> </u> | |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash equivalents | \$ 58,360 | \$ 58,360 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Short-term commercial paper | 5,378 | — | 5,378 | — |
| | Total Carrying Value | Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1) | Using Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Using Significant Unobservable Inputs |
| | Value | (Lever I) | (ECTCI 2) | (Level 3) |
| March 31, 2011: | Vilia | <u></u> | | |
| March 31, 2011: Assets: | <u></u> | | (20012) | (Level 3) |
| | \$ 49,837 | \$ 49,837 | \$ | (Level 3) \$ — |
| Assets: | | | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u> | |
| Assets: Cash equivalents | \$ 49,837 | \$ 49,837 | \$ | |

Valuation Techniques

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid instruments with maturities of three months or less that are regarded as high quality, low risk investments and are measured using such inputs as quoted prices, and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Cash equivalents consist principally of certificates of deposits and money market accounts.



Marketable Securities

Marketable securities consist primarily of government-backed securities and commercial paper and are measured using such inputs as quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset (for example, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals), and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means, and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. The Company's marketable securities generally have maturities of greater than three months from original purchase date but less than twelve months from the date of the balance sheet. The Company determines the appropriate classification of its marketable securities at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such classification as of each balance sheet date. All marketable securities are considered available-for-sale and are carried at fair value. The Company periodically reviews the realizability of each short-term and long-term marketable security when impairment indicators exist with respect to the security. If an other-than-temporary impairment of value of the security exists, the carrying value of the security is written down to its estimated fair value.

Derivatives

The derivatives entered into by the Company are valued using over-the-counter quoted market prices for similar instruments, and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following (in thousands):

| | September 30, 2011 | March 31, 2011 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Accounts receivable (billed) | \$ 15,398 | \$ 10,938 |
| Accounts receivable (unbilled) | 3,054 | 5,004 |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts | (302) | (683) |
| Accounts receivable, net | \$ 18,150 | \$ 15,259 |

The Company records bank acceptance notes receivable arranged with third-party financial institutions by certain customers to settle their transactions within prepaid expenses and other current assets. These notes are typically non-interest bearing and generally have maturities of less than six months. The carrying amount of notes receivable approximate their fair values. The Company had notes receivable outstanding of \$2.4 million and \$2.0 million as of September 30, 2011 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

6. Inventory

The components of inventory are as follows (in thousands):

| | September 30, 2011 | March 31, 2011 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Raw materials | \$ 18,683 | \$ 17,100 |
| Work-in-process | 3,711 | 2,432 |
| Finished goods | 6,738 | 3,915 |
| Deferred program costs | 2,152 | 2,381 |
| Net inventory | \$ 31,284 | \$ 25,828 |

The Company recorded inventory writedowns of approximately \$1.1 million and \$1.5 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011.

Deferred program costs as of September 30, 2011 and March 31 2011 primarily represent costs incurred on D-VAR turnkey projects and programs accounted for under contract accounting where the Company needs to complete development programs before revenue and costs will be recognized, respectively.



7. Product Warranty

The Company generally provides a one to three-year warranty on its products, commencing upon installation. A provision is recorded upon revenue recognition to cost of revenues for estimated warranty expense based on historical experience.

Product warranty activity was as follows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Six months ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ 7,334 | \$ 6,375 | \$ 7,907 | \$ 6,431 |
| Change in accruals for warranties during the period | (69) | 2,020 | (474) | 4,332 |
| Settlements during the period | (210) | (1,021) | (378) | (3,389) |
| Balance at end of period | \$ 7,055 | \$ 7,374 | \$ 7,055 | \$ 7,374 |

The Company includes warranty period expirations as changes in accruals for warranties in the table above.

8. Income Taxes

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, and \$7.9 million and \$15.1 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The Company has provided a valuation allowance against all net deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2011, as it is more likely than not that its net deferred tax assets are not currently realizable due to the net operating losses incurred by the Company since its inception in the U.S. and the significant write-offs in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011 and the losses that are forecasted in certain foreign jurisdictions in the future.

During the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company recorded additional income tax expense of \$0.7 million for uncertain tax positions related to its Austrian subsidiary.

9. Restructuring and Impairments

The Company accounts for charges resulting from operational restructuring actions in accordance with ASC Topic 420, *Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations* ("ASC 420") and ASC Topic 712, *Compensation—Nonretirement Postemployment Benefits* ("ASC 712"). In accounting for these obligations, the Company is required to make assumptions related to the amounts of employee severance, benefits, and related costs and to the time period over which leased facilities will remain vacant, sublease terms, sublease rates and discount rates. Estimates and assumptions are based on the best information available at the time the obligation arises. These estimates are reviewed and revised as facts and circumstances dictate; changes in these estimates could have a material effect on the amount accrued on the consolidated balance sheet.

The Company initiated a restructuring plan in August 2011 (the "2011 Plan") to reorganize global operations, streamline various functions of the business, and reduce its global workforce to better reflect the demand for its products. The 2011 Plan resulted in a headcount reduction of approximately 150 employees. From April 1, 2011 through the date of this filing, the Company has reduced its global workforce by approximately 30%, which is expected to reduce expenses by approximately \$30 million annually. During the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company incurred costs associated with the workforce reduction which include employee separation costs consisting of severance pay, outplacement services, medical benefits, and other related benefits for the Company's workforce. As a result, the Company recorded employee severance and benefit costs of \$3.3 million. These charges are expected to be paid through fiscal 2012.

In addition, during the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company consolidated certain of its business operations to reduce overall facility costs. The consolidation plan entailed vacating approximately 8,937 square feet of occupied space in Klagenfurt, Austria. This facility closure was accounted for in accordance with ASC 420, pursuant to which the Company recorded a liability equal to the fair value of the remaining lease payments as of the cease-use date. Fair value was determined based upon the discounted present value of remaining lease rentals (using a discount rate of 10.1%) for the space no longer occupied, considering future estimated potential sublease income. As a result, the Company recorded facility exit costs of \$0.1 million related to the remaining lease commitment on the leased space. These charges are expected to be paid through fiscal 2012. All restructuring charges discussed above are included within restructuring and impairments in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The following table presents the restructuring charges and cash payments (in thousands):

| | erance pay 1 benefits | cility t costs | Tot | tal |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|------|-------|
| Accrued restructuring balance at April 1, 2011 | \$ _ | \$ _ | \$ | _ |
| Charges to operations | 3,256 | 127 | 3 | 3,383 |
| Cash payments | (1,209) | | (1 | ,209) |
| Accrued restructuring balance at September 30, 2011 | \$ 2,047 | \$ 127 | \$ 2 | 2,174 |

In addition, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$0.9 million on long-lived assets for which there is no remaining future economic benefit as of September 30, 2011.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

The Company periodically enters into non-cancelable purchase contracts in order to ensure the availability of materials to support production of its products. Purchase commitments represent enforceable and legally binding agreements with suppliers to purchase goods or services. Any commitments for products ordered but not yet received is included as purchase commitments in its contractual obligations table. The Company periodically assesses the need to provide for impairment on these purchase contracts and record a loss on purchase commitments when required. As of September 30, 2011, the Company has \$34.5 million of adverse purchase commitments in excess of its estimated future demand from certain of its customers in China, which the Company has recorded as a liability. The Company recorded adverse purchase commitment recoveries of \$0.9 million and losses of \$0.2 million during the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Adverse purchase commitment recoveries in the three months ended September 30, 2011 are as a result of reductions in commitments to purchase materials due to renegotiations with certain suppliers and are recorded against cost of revenues.

Contingencies

From time to time, the Company is involved in legal and administrative proceedings and claims of various types. The Company records a liability in its consolidated financial statements for these matters when a loss is known or considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Company reviews these estimates each accounting period as additional information is known and adjusts the loss provision when appropriate. If a matter is both probable to result in liability and the amounts of loss can be reasonably estimated, the Company estimates and discloses the possible loss or range of loss. If the loss is not probable or cannot be reasonably estimated, a liability is not recorded in its consolidated financial statements.

Between April 6, 2011 and April 29, 2011, six putative securities class action complaints were filed against the Company and two of its officers in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. On May 12, 2011, an additional complaint was filed against the Company, its officers and directors, and the underwriters who participated in its November 12, 2010 securities offering. On June 7, 2011, the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts consolidated these actions under the caption *Lenartz v. American Superconductor Corporation, et al.* Docket No. 1:11-cv-10582-WGY. On June 16, 2011, the court appointed the law firm Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP as Lead Counsel and the Plumbers and Pipefitters National Pension Fund as Lead Plaintiff. On August 31, 2011, the Lead Plaintiff filed a consolidated amended complaint against the Company, its officers and directors, and the underwriters who participated in its November 12, 2010 securities offering, asserting claims under sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as well as under sections 11, 12(a)(2) and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933. The complaint alleges that during the relevant class period, the Company and its officers omitted to state material facts and made materially false and misleading statements relating to, among other things, its projected and recognized revenues and earnings, as well as its relationship with Sinovel Wind Group Co., Ltd. that artificially inflated the value of its stock price. The complaint further alleges that the Company's November 12, 2010 securities offering contained untrue statements of material facts and omitted to state material facts required to be stated therein. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages, rescindment of its November 12, 2010 securities offering, and an award of costs and expenses, including attorney's fees.

On April 27, 2011, a putative shareholder derivative complaint was filed against the Company (as a nominal defendant) and each of its current directors in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Worcester County. The case is captioned Segel v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-0787. Between May 4, 2011 and June 17, 2011, four additional putative shareholder derivative complaints were filed in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts against the Company and certain of the its directors and officers. The cases are captioned Weakley v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10784; Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v, Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10825; Connors v, Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10910; and Hurd v, Yurek, et al. al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-11102. On June 1, 2011, the plaintiff in Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al. moved to voluntarily dismiss its complaint and refiled its complaint in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County, on June 3, 2011. The case is now captioned Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-1961. The Superior Court in Worcester County granted the plaintiff's motion to transfer in Segel v. Yurek et al. to the Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County on June 23, 2011, and that matter is now captioned Segel v. Yurek et al., Docket No. 11-2269. On July 5, 2011, the Weakley, Connors and Hurd actions were consolidated in United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. That matter is now captioned In re American Superconductor Corporation Derivative Litigation, Docket No. 1:11-cy-10784. On June 1, 2011, the plaintiff in Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al. moved to voluntarily dismiss its complaint and, on June 3, 2011, refiled its complaint in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County. The Superior Court in Worcester County granted the plaintiff's motion to transfer in Segel v. Yurek et al. to the Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County on June 23, 2011. On September 7, 2011, the Marlborough and Segel actions were consolidated in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County. The case is now captioned Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-1961. The allegations of the derivative complaints mirror the allegations made in the putative class action complaints described above. The plaintiffs purport to assert claims against the director defendants for breach of fiduciary duty, abuse of control, gross mismanagement and corporate waste. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages on behalf of the Company, as well as an award of costs and expenses, including attorney's fees.

If a matter is both probable to result in liability and the amounts of loss can be reasonably estimated, the Company estimates and discloses the possible loss or range of loss. With respect to the above referenced litigation matters, such an estimate cannot be made. There are numerous factors that make it difficult to meaningfully estimate possible loss or range of loss at this stage of these litigation matters, including that: the proceedings are in relatively early stages, there are significant factual and legal issues to be resolved, information obtained or rulings made during the lawsuits could affect the methodology for calculation of rescission and the related statutory interest rate. In addition, with respect to claims where damages are the requested relief, no amount of loss or damages has been specified. Therefore, the Company is unable at this time to estimate possible losses. The Company believes that these litigations are without merit, and it intends to defend these actions vigorously.

On September 13, 2011, the Company commenced a series of legal actions in China against Sinovel Wind Group Co. Ltd. ("Sinovel"). The Company's Chinese subsidiary, Suzhou AMSC Superconductor Co. Ltd., filed a claim for arbitration with the Beijing Arbitration Commission in accordance with the terms of the Company's supply contracts with Sinovel. The case is captioned (2011) Jin Zhong An Zi No. 0693. On March 31, 2011, Sinovel refused to accept contracted shipments of 1.5 megawatt (MW) and 3 MW wind turbine core electrical components and spare parts that the Company was prepared to deliver. The Company alleges that these actions constitute material breaches of its contracts because Sinovel did not give it notice that it intended to delay deliveries as required under the contracts. Moreover, the Company alleges that Sinovel has refused to pay past due amounts for prior shipments of core electrical components and spare parts. The Company is seeking compensation for past product shipments (including interest) and monetary damages in the amount of approximately RMB 430 million (\$67 million) due to Sinovel's breaches of its contracts. The Company is also seeking specific performance of our existing contracts as well as reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses with respect to the arbitration. The value of the undelivered components under the existing contracts, including the deliveries refused by Sinovel in March 2011, amounts to approximately RMB 4.6 billion (\$720 million).

On October 8, 2011, Sinovel filed with the Beijing Arbitration Commission an application under the caption (2011) Jin Zhong An Zi No. 0693, for a counterclaim against the Company for breach of the same contracts under which the Company filed its original arbitration claim. Sinovel claimed, among other things, that the goods supplied by the Company do not conform to the standards specified in the contracts and claimed damages in the amount of approximately RMB 370 millon (\$58 million). On October 17, 2011, Sinovel filed with the Beijing Arbitration Commission a request for change of counterclaim to increase its damage claim to approximately RMB 1 billion (\$157 million). Deducting the RMB 430 million (\$67 million) claimed by the Company, the net amount of damages claimed by Sinovel is approximately RMB 570 million (\$89 million). The Company believes that Sinovel's claims are without merit and it intends to defend these actions

vigorously. Since the proceedings in this matter are in relatively early stages, the Company cannot reasonably estimate possible losses or range of losses at this time.

The Company also submitted a civil action application to the Beijing No. 1 Intermediate People's Court under the caption (2011) Yi Zhong Min Chu Zi No. 15524, against Sinovel for software copyright infringement on September 13, 2011. The application alleges Sinovel's unauthorized use of portions of the Company's wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines and the binary code, or upper layer, of the Company's software for the PM3000 power converters in 1.5MW wind turbines. In July 2011, a former employee of the Company's AMSC Windtec GmbH subsidiary was arrested in Austria on charges of economic espionage and fraudulent manipulation of data. In September 2011, the former employee pled guilty to the charges, and he is currently serving a prison sentence. As a result of the Company's internal investigation and a criminal investigation conducted by Austrian authorities, the Company believes that this former employee was contracted by Sinovel through an intermediary while employed by the Company and improperly obtained and transferred to Sinovel portions of its wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines. Moreover, the Company believes the former employee illegally used source code to develop for Sinovel a software modification to circumvent the encryption and remove technical protection measures on the PM3000 power converters in 1.5MW wind turbines in the field. The Company is seeking a cease and desist order with respect to the unauthorized copying, installation and use of its software, monetary damages of approximately RMB 38 million (\$6 million) for our economic losses and reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed.

The Company submitted a civil action application to the Beijing Higher People's Court against Sinovel and certain of its employees for trade secret infringement on September 13, 2011 under the caption (2011) Gao Min Chu Zi No. 4193. The application alleges the defendants' unauthorized use of portions of the Company's wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines as described above with respect to the Copyright Action. The Company is seeking monetary damages of RMB 2.9 billion (\$453 million) for the trade secret infringement as well as reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed.

On September 16, 2011, the Company filed a civil copyright infringement complaint in the Hainan Province No. 1 Intermediate People's Court against Dalian Guotong Electric Co. Ltd. ("Guotong"), a supplier of power converter products to Sinovel, and Huaneng Hainan Power, Inc., a wind farm operator that has purchased Sinovel wind turbines containing Goutong power converter products. The case is captioned (2011) Hainan Yi Zhong Min Chu Zi No. 62. The application alleges that the Company's PM1000 converters in certain Sinovel wind turbines have been replaced by converters produced by Guotong. Because the Guotong converters are being used in wind turbines containing the Company's wind turbine control software, the Company believes that its copyrighted software is being infringed. The Company is seeking a cease and desist order with respect to the unauthorized use of its software, monetary damages of RMB 1.2 million (\$0.2 million) for its economic losses (with respect to Guotong only) and reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed. In addition, upon the request of the defendant Huaneng Hainan Power, Inc, Sinovel has been added by the court to this case as a defendant.

Ghodawat Energy Pvt Ltd ("Ghodawat"), a company registered in India carrying on the business of wind power development, lodged a Request for Arbitration with the Secretariat of the ICC International Court of Arbitration on May 12, 2011 and named AMSC Windtec GmbH ("AMSC Windtec") as the Respondent. Under the Request for Arbitration, Ghodawat alleges that AMSC Windtec breached an agreement dated March 19, 2008 pursuant to which AMSC Windtec granted a license to Ghodawat to manufacture, use, sell, market, erect, commission and maintain certain wind turbines using its technical information and wind turbine design (the "License Agreement"). Under the Request for Arbitration, Ghodawat's claims in this arbitration amount to approximately &18 million (\$24 million). AMSC Windtec filed an Answer to Request for Arbitration and Counterclaim ("Answer and Counterclaim"), in which AMSC Windtec denied Ghodawat's claims in their entirety. AMSC Windtec has also submitted counterclaims under the License Agreement against Ghodawat in the amount of approximately &6 million (\$9 million). Ghodawat has filed a Reply to Answer to Request for Arbitration and Counterclaim in which it denies AMSC Windtec's counterclaims. The arbitration proceedings are currently ongoing. The Company has recorded a loss contingency based on its assessment of probable losses on this claim, however this amount is immaterial to its consolidated financial statements.

Other

The Company enters into long-term construction contracts with customers that require the Company to obtain performance bonds. The Company is required to deposit an amount equivalent to some or all the face amount of the performance bonds into an escrow account until the termination of the bond. When the performance conditions are met, amounts deposited as collateral for the performance bonds are returned to the Company. In addition, the Company has various contractual arrangements in which minimum quantities of goods or services have been committed to be purchased on an annual basis.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company had seven performance bonds in support of customer contracts to guarantee supply of core components and software. The total value of the outstanding performance bonds is \$1.8 million with various expiration dates through March 2014. In the event that the payment is made in accordance with the requirements of any of these performance bonds, the Company would record the payment as an offset to revenue.

At September 30, 2011, the Company had \$8.3 million of restricted cash included in current assets. At September 30, 2011, the Company had \$1.1 million of restricted cash included in long-term assets. These amounts included in restricted cash represent deposits to secure letters of credit for various supply contracts. These deposits are held in an interest bearing account. The Company had an additional \$2.2 million in unsecured letters of credit at September 30, 2011 in support of various supply contracts.

The Company had unused, unsecured lines of credit consisting of RMB 17.6 million (approximately \$2.7 million) in China and €1.6 million (approximately \$2.2 million) in Austria as of September 30, 2011. During the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company's unsecured credit line with the Bank of China expired and it repaid borrowings on lines of credit of \$4.6 million and there were no borrowings outstanding as of September 30, 2011.

11. Equity Investments

Investment in Tres Amigas

On October 9, 2009, the Company made an investment in Tres Amigas LLC, ("Tres Amigas"), a merchant transmission company, for \$1.8 million, consisting of \$0.8 million in cash and \$1.0 million in AMSC common stock. On January 6, 2011 and May 20, 2011, the Company increased its minority position in Tres Amigas by an additional \$1.8 million on each date. As of September 30, 2011, the Company holds a 37% ownership interest.

The Company has determined that Tres Amigas is a variable interest entity ("VIE") and that the Company is not the primary beneficiary of the VIE. Therefore, the Company has not consolidated Tres Amigas as of September 30, 2011. The investment is carried at the acquisition cost, plus the Company's equity in undistributed earnings or losses. The Company's maximum exposure to loss is limited to the Company's recorded investment in this VIE. The Company's investment in Tres Amigas is included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheet and the equity in undistributed losses of Tres Amigas is included in other income, net, on the consolidated statements of operations.

The net investment activity for the six months ended September 30, 2011 is as follows (in thousands):

| Balance at April 1, 2011 | \$ 3,026 |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Purchase of minority investment | 1,800 |
| Minority interest in net losses | (428) |
| Balance at September 30, 2011 | \$ 4,398 |

Investment in Blade Dynamics Ltd.

On August 12, 2010, the Company acquired (through its Austrian subsidiary), a minority ownership position in Blade Dynamics Ltd. ("Blade Dynamics"), a designer and manufacturer of advanced wind turbine blades based on proprietary materials and structural technologies, for \$8.0 million in cash. The Company uses the equity method of accounting for this investment since it does not have a controlling ownership interest in the operating and financial policies of Blade Dynamics. As such, the investment is carried at the acquisition cost, plus the Company's equity in undistributed earnings or losses. The Company's investment is included in other assets on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet and the minority interest in net losses of Blade Dynamics is included in other income, net, on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. As of September 30, 2011, the Company holds a 25% ownership interest. The net investment activity for the six months ended September 30, 2011 is as follows (in thousands):

| Balance at April 1, 2011 | \$ 7,903 |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Minority interest in net losses | (924) |
| Net foreign exchange rate impact | (238) |
| Balance at September 30, 2011 | \$ 6,741 |

12. Business Segments

Business segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in assessing performance and deciding how to allocate resources.

The Company operates its business into two market-facing business units: Wind and Grid. The Company believes this market-centric structure enables it to more effectively anticipate and meet the needs of wind turbine manufacturers, power generation project developers and electric utilities.

- Wind. Through its Windtec Solutions, the Wind business segment enables manufacturers to field wind turbines with exceptional power output, reliability and affordability. The Company licenses its highly engineered wind turbine designs, provides extensive customer support services and supplies advanced power electronics and control systems to wind turbine manufactures. The Company's design portfolio includes a broad range of drive trains and power ratings up to 10 megawatts. The Company believes its unique engineering capabilities, ranging from bearings to advanced synchronous generators to blades, enables it to provide its partners with highly-optimized wind turbine platforms. Furthermore, these designs and support services typically lead to sales of its power electronics and software-based control systems, which are designed for optimized performance, efficiency and grid compatibility.
- Grid. Through its Gridtec Solutions, the Grid business segment enables electric utilities and renewable energy project developers to connect, transmit and distribute power with exceptional efficiency, reliability and affordability. The Grid business unit provides transmission planning services that allow us to identify power grid congestion, poor power quality and other risks, which helps the Company determine how its solutions can improve network performance. These services often lead to sales of grid interconnection solutions for wind farms and solar power plants, power quality systems and transmission and distribution cable systems.

Prior to April 1, 2011, the Company segmented its operations through two technology-centric business units: AMSC Power Systems and AMSC Superconductors. AMSC Power Systems included all of its Wind products, as well as Grid products that regulate voltage for wind farm voltage electric utilities, renewable generation project developers and industrial operations. Solutions from the Company's AMSC Superconductors business unit have been incorporated into its Grid business unit. All prior period segment disclosures have been revised to conform to management's current view of the Company's business segments.



The operating results for the two business segments are as follows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | ths ended 1ber 30, |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Wind | \$ 13,449 | \$ 89,316 | \$ 17,712 | \$172,323 |
| Grid | 7,351 | 8,757 | 12,146 | 22,960 |
| Total | \$ 20,800 | \$ 98,073 | \$ 29,858 | \$195,283 |
| | | | | |
| | Three mont Septemb | er 30, | Six month Septeml | ber 30, |
| | | | | |
| Operating (loss) income: | Septemb | er 30, | Septeml | ber 30, |
| Operating (loss) income: Wind | Septemb | er 30, | Septeml | ber 30, |
| | Septemb 2011 | er 30, | Septeml 2011 | ber 30, 2010 |
| Wind | Septemb 2011 (\$16,336) | <u>2010</u> \$ 32,655 | Septeml 2011 (\$40,705) | ber 30, 2010 \$ 63,994 |

The accounting policies of the business segments are the same as those for the consolidated Company. The Company's business segments have been determined in accordance with the Company's internal management structure, which is organized based on operating activities. The Company evaluates performance based upon several factors, of which the primary financial measures are segment revenues and segment operating (loss) income. The disaggregated financial results of the segments reflect allocation of certain functional expense categories consistent with the basis and manner in which Company management internally disaggregates financial information for the purpose of assisting in making internal operating decisions. In addition, certain corporate expenses which the Company does not believe are specifically attributable or allocable to either of the two business segments have been excluded from the segment operating (loss) income.

Unallocated corporate expenses primarily consist of the write-off of an advance payment to The Switch of \$20.6 million and restructuring and impairment charges of \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and stock-based compensation expense of \$2.1 million and \$5.6 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Unallocated corporate expenses primarily consist of stock-based compensation expense of \$4.3 million and \$7.8 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

Total assets for the two business segments are as follows (in thousands):

| | September 30, 2011 | March 31, 2011 |
|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Wind | \$ 113,092 | \$145,464 |
| Grid | 72,303 | 67,081 |
| Corporate assets | 140,333 | 228,664 |
| Total | \$ 325,728 | \$441,209 |

The following table sets forth customers who represented 10% or more of the Company's total revenues:

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Inox Wind, Ltd. | 24% | <10% | 17% | <10% |
| Doosan Heavy Industries & Construction Co Ltd. | 17% | <10% | 16% | <10% |
| Dongfang Electric Machinery Co. | 11% | % | <10% | % |
| Sinovel Wind Co., Ltd | % | 82% | % | 77% |

13. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-06, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements.* This standard amends the disclosure guidance with respect to fair value measurements for both interim and annual reporting periods. Specifically, this standard requires new disclosures for significant transfers of assets or liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy; separate disclosures for purchases, sales, issuance and settlements of Level 3 fair value items on a gross, rather than net basis; and more robust disclosure of the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure Level 2 and Level 3 assets and liabilities. The Company has included these new disclosures, as applicable, in Note 3, "Marketable Securities and Fair Value Disclosures," of the consolidated financial statements.

In December 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-29, *Business Combinations (Topic 805), Disclosure of Supplementary Pro forma Information for Business Combinations a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (ASC 2010-29).* This amendment clarifies the periods for which pro forma financial information is presented. The disclosures include pro forma revenue and earnings of the combined entity for the current reporting period as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the year had been as of the beginning of the annual reporting period should be reported as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the current year had been as of the beginning of the comparable prior reporting period should be reported as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the current year had been as of the beginning of the comparable prior reporting period should be reported as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the current year had been as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period. ASU 2010-29 is effective prospectively for business combinations that occur on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2010. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2011-04 to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-05, *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income*. ASU 2011-05 requires entities to present net income and other comprehensive income in either a single continuous statement or in two separate, but consecutive, statements of net income and other comprehensive income. ASU 2011-05 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2011-04 to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

14. Subsequent Events

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the time of filing this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the SEC, and has determined that there are no such events that are required to be disclosed.

AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). For this purpose, any statements contained herein that relate to future events or conditions, including without limitation, the statements in Part II, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and in Part I under "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and located elsewhere herein regarding industry prospects or our prospective results of operations or financial position, may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "expects," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements represent management's current expectations and are inherently uncertain. There are a number of important factors that could materially impact the value of our common stock or cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include: a significant portion of our revenues has been derived from Sinovel Wind Group Co. Ltd., ("Sinovel"), which has stopped accepting scheduled deliveries and refused to pay amounts outstanding; the disruption in our relationship with Sinovel has materially and adversely affected our business and results of operations and if, as we expect, Sinovel continues to refuse to accept shipments from us, our business and results of operations will be further materially and adversely affected; we have a history of operating losses, and we may incur additional losses in the future; our operating results may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter and may fall below expectations in any particular fiscal quarter; adverse changes in domestic and global economic conditions could adversely affect our operating results; changes in exchange rates could adversely affect our results from operations; we have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting and if we fail to remediate these weaknesses and maintain proper and effective internal controls over financial reporting, our ability to produce accurate and timely financial statements could be impaired and may lead investors and other users to lose confidence in our financial data; if we fail to implement our business strateay successfully, our financial performance could be harmed; we may not realize all of the sales expected from our backlog of orders and contracts; many of our revenue opportunities are dependent upon subcontractors and other business collaborators; our products face intense competition, which could limit our ability to acquire or retain customers; our success is dependent upon attracting and retaining qualified personnel and our inability to do so could significantly damage our business and prospects; we may acquire additional complementary businesses or technologies, which may require us to incur substantial costs for which we may never realize the anticipated benefits; our international operations are subject to risks that we do not face in the United States, which could have an adverse effect on our operating results; we depend on sales to customers in China, and global conditions could negatively affect our operating results or limit our ability to expand our operations outside of China; changes in China's political, social, regulatory and economic environment may affect our financial performance; many of our customer relationships outside of the United States are, either directly or indirectly, with governmental entities, and we could be adversely affected by violations of the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar worldwide anti-bribery laws outside the United States; we rely upon third party suppliers for the components and subassemblies of many of our Wind and Grid products, making us vulnerable to supply shortages and price fluctuations, which could harm our business; we are becoming increasingly reliant on contracts that require the issuance of performance bonds; problems with product quality or product performance may cause us to incur warranty expenses and may damage our market reputation and prevent us from achieving increased sales and market share; our success in addressing the wind energy market is dependent on the manufacturers that license our designs; growth of the wind energy market depends largely on the availability and size of government subsidies and economic incentives; there are a number of technological challenges that must be successfully addressed before our superconductor products can gain widespread commercial acceptance, and our inability to address such technological challenges could adversely affect our ability to acquire customers for our products; we have not manufactured our Amperium wire in commercial quantities, and a failure to manufacture our Amperium wire in commercial quantities at acceptable cost and quality levels would substantially limit our future revenue and profit potential; the commercial uses of superconductor products are limited today, and a widespread commercial market for our products may not develop; we have limited experience in marketing and selling our superconductor products and system-level solutions, and our failure to effectively market and sell our products and solutions could lower our revenue and cash flow; our contracts with the U.S. government are subject to audit, modification or termination by the U.S. government and include certain other provisions in favor of the government; the continued funding of such contracts remains subject to annual congressional appropriation which, if not approved, could reduce our revenue and lower or eliminate our profit; we may be unable to adequately prevent disclosure of trade secrets and other proprietary information; we have filed a demand for arbitration and other lawsuits against Sinovel regarding amounts we contend are

due and owing and are in dispute; Sinovel has filed a counterclaim in the arbitration claiming damages; we cannot be certain as to the outcome of the proceedings against Sinovel; we have been named as a party to purported stockholder class actions and shareholder derivative complaints, and we may be named in additional litigation, all of which will require significant management time and attention, result in significant legal expenses and may result in an unfavorable outcome, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition; our technology and products could infringe intellectual property rights of others, which may require costly litigation and, if we are not successful, could cause us to pay substantial damages and disrupt our business; our patents may not provide meaningful protection for our technology, which could result in us losing some or all of our market position; third parties have or may acquire patents that cover the materials, processes and technologies we use or may use in the future to manufacture our Amperium products, and our success depends on our ability to license such patents or other proprietary rights; and our common stock has experienced, and may continue to experience, significant market price and volume fluctuations, which may prevent our stockholders from selling our common stock at a profit and could lead to costly litigation against us that could divert our management's attention. These and the important factors discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" in Part II. Item 1A and Part 1. Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011, among others, could cause such forward-looking statements represent management's estimates as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. While we may elect to update such forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we disclaim any obligation to do so, even if subsequent events cause our views to change. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon a

AMSC, American Superconductor, Amperium, dSVC, DataPark, D-VAR, D-VAR-RT, FaultBlocker, Gridtec Solutions, PowerModule, PowerPipelines, PQ-IVR, SafetyLock, SeaTitan, SolarTie, SuperGEAR, Wind-RT, Windtec, Windtec Solutions, wtCMS, wtSCADA, wtWPC, and "smarter, cleaner ... better energy," are trademarks or registered trademarks of American Superconductor Corporation or its subsidiaries. All other brand names, product names, trademarks or service marks appearing in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are the property of their respective holders.

Executive Overview

American Superconductor Corporation ("AMSC") was founded in 1987. We are a leading provider of megawatt-scale solutions that lower the cost of wind power and enhance the performance of the power grid. In the wind power market, we enable manufacturers to field wind turbines through our advanced engineering, support services and power electronics products. In the power grid market, we enable electric utilities and renewable energy project developers to connect, transmit and distribute power through our transmission planning services and power electronics and superconductor based products. Our wind and power grid products and services provide exceptional reliability, security, efficiency and affordability to our customers.

Our wind and power grid solutions help to improve energy efficiency, alleviate power grid capacity constraints and increase the adoption of renewable energy generation. Demand for our solutions is driven by the growing needs for renewable sources of electricity, such as wind and solar energy, and for modernized smart grids that improve power reliability and quality. Concerns about these factors have led to increased spending by corporations as well as supportive government regulations and initiatives on local, state, national and global levels, including renewable portfolio standards, tax incentives and international treaties.

We manufacture products using two proprietary core technologies: PowerModule[™] programmable power electronic converters and our Amperium[™] HTS wires. These technologies and our system-level solutions are protected by a broad and deep intellectual property portfolio consisting of hundreds of patents and licenses worldwide.

We operate our business in two market-facing business units: Wind and Grid. We believe this market-centric structure enables us to more effectively anticipate and meet the needs of wind turbine manufacturers, power generation project developers and electric utilities.

Wind. Through our Windtec Solutions, our Wind business segment enables manufacturers to field wind turbines with exceptional power output, reliability and affordability. We license our highly engineered wind turbine designs, provide extensive customer support services and supply advanced power electronics and control systems to wind turbine manufactures. Our design portfolio includes a broad range of drive trains and power ratings up to 10 megawatts. We believe our unique engineering capabilities, ranging from bearings to advanced synchronous generators to blades, enables us to provide our partners with highly-optimized wind turbine platforms. Furthermore, these designs and support services typically lead to sales of our power electronics and software-based control systems, which are designed for optimized performance, efficiency and grid compatibility.

Grid. Through our Gridtec Solutions, our Grid business segment enables electric utilities and renewable energy project developers to connect, transmit and distribute power with exceptional efficiency, reliability and affordability. We provide transmission planning services that allow us to identify power grid congestion, poor power quality and other risks, which help us determine how our solutions can improve network performance. These services often lead to sales of grid interconnection solutions for wind farms and solar power plants, power quality systems and transmission and distribution cable systems.

Our fiscal year begins on April 1 and ends on March 31. This document refers to fiscal 2011, which is defined as the period beginning on April 1, 2011 and concluding on March 31, 2012. The second quarter of fiscal 2011 began on July 1, 2011 and concluded on September 30, 2011.

Our cash requirements depend on numerous factors, including successful completion of our product development activities, ability to commercialize our product prototypes, rate of customer and market adoption of our products, collecting receivables according to established terms, and the continued availability of U.S. government funding during the product development phase. Significant deviations to our business plan with regard to these factors, which are important drivers to our business, could have a material adverse effect on our operating performance, financial condition, and future business prospects. We expect to pursue the expansion of our operations through internal growth and potential strategic alliances and acquisitions.

As of September 30, 2011 and March 31, 2011, we had backlog of approximately \$298.2 million and \$228.4 million, respectively, excluding Sinovel. On March 31, 2011, Sinovel refused to accept contracted shipments of 1.5-MW and 3-MW wind turbine core electrical components and spare parts that we were prepared to deliver. As a result, we have not made shipments to Sinovel since February 2011. Additionally, we are pursuing litigation against Sinovel for the theft of our intellectual property (as discussed below). Consequently, our reported backlog excludes purchase contracts with Sinovel.

During March 2011, we engaged in discussions with Sinovel regarding the acceptance of its scheduled shipments, outstanding receivables, and the delivery of a custom solution desired by Sinovel for low voltage ride through ("LVRT") that required a modification to our existing LVRT design. The custom design required modified software and additional hardware. Toward the end of March, Sinovel requested that we provide them with the additional hardware without additional cost. On March 31, 2011, we proposed to Sinovel that we would provide the additional hardware without additional cost if Sinovel rejected this proposal due to what we were told was excess inventory of our components. Since Sinovel did not give us the requisite notice under our contracts that they intended to delay deliveries, we believe that these actions constitute material breaches of our contracts.

While we have had several discussions with Sinovel since March 31, 2011, as of the date of this filing, we have not received payment for any outstanding receivables nor have we been notified as to when, if ever, they will accept contracted shipments that were scheduled for delivery after March 31, 2011. Additionally, based in part upon evidence obtained through an internal investigation and a criminal investigation conducted by Austrian authorities regarding the actions of a former employee of our AMSC Windtec subsidiary, we believe that Sinovel illegally obtained and used our intellectual property in violation of civil and criminal intellectual property laws. In July 2011, the former employee was arrested in Austria and in September 2011, pled guilty to charges of economic espionage and fraudulent manipulation of data. The evidence presented during the court hearing showed that this former employee was contracted by Sinovel through an intermediary while employed by us and improperly obtained and transferred to Sinovel portions of our wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines. Except for portions of this 1.5MW wind turbine software, we do not believe that the source code for any other turbines, such as the 3MW, 5MW and 6MW wind turbines that were designed by and co-developed with us have been transferred to Sinovel. Moreover, we believe the evidence shows this former employee illegally used source code to develop for Sinovel a software modification to circumvent the encryption and remove technical protection measures on the PM3000 power converters in 1.5MW wind turbines in the field. We believe that only the binary code, or upper layer, of the PM3000 software developed to circumvent the encryption and remove technical protection measures was transferred to Sinovel. We do not believe that any PM3000 source code was transferred to Sinovel. These actions potentially enable Sinovel to deploy, independent of us, wind turbine control software, including a low voltage ride through solution, on all of its 1.5MW wind turbines in the field. In addition, by having the wind turbine control source code, Sinovel could potentially modify the source code to allow the use of core electrical components, including power converters, from other manufacturers.

On September 13, 2011, we commenced a series of legal actions in China against Sinovel. We filed a claim for arbitration in Beijing, China to compel Sinovel to pay us for past product shipments and to accept all contracted but not yet delivered core electrical components and spare parts under all existing contracts with us. The arbitration claim was filed with the Beijing Arbitration Commission in accordance with the terms of our supply contracts with Sinovel. We have also filed civil and criminal complaints against Sinovel. On September 16, 2011, we filed a civil complaint in China against Dalian

Guotong Electric, Co., Ltd. and other parties. The complaints allege the illegal use of our intellectual property. We are seeking to compel Sinovel and the other parties to cease and desist from infringing our intellectual property and are also seeking monetary damages to compensate us for our economic losses resulting from the infringement.

We cannot provide any assurance as to the outcome of these legal actions. We are now operating our business under the assumption that Sinovel will not be a customer.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements requires that we make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ under different assumptions or conditions. There were no significant changes in the first quarter of fiscal 2011 in the critical accounting policies that were disclosed in our Form 10-K for fiscal 2010, which ended on March 31, 2011.

Results of Operations

Three and six months ended September 30, 2011 compared to the three and six months ended September 30, 2010

Beginning on April 1, 2011, management revised its reportable business segments into Wind and Grid as a result of changes in the manner in which we disaggregate the Company's operations for making operating decisions and assessing performance of our business segments. Previously, we had two reportable business segments, AMSC Power Systems and AMSC Superconductors. All prior period segment disclosures have been revised to conform to management's current view of its business segments.

As discussed above, the disruption in our relationship with Sinovel has materially and adversely affected our business and results of operations. Because Sinovel has accounted for more than two-thirds of our revenues over each of the past three fiscal years, we experienced significantly lower revenues and significant operating losses during the three and six months ended September 30, 2011. Revenues to Sinovel represented 82% and 77% of total revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. Since no cash payments were made by Sinovel in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, no revenue was recognized from Sinovel in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011.

Revenues

Total revenues decreased by 79% and 85% to \$20.8 million and \$29.9 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to \$98.1 million and \$195.3 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. Our revenues are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | | Three months ended September 30, | | | | nonths ended otember 30, |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|-----------------------------|
| | 2011 | | | 2010 | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Wind | \$ 13,449 | \$ 89,316 | \$ 17,712 | \$172,323 | | |
| Grid | 7,351 | 8,757 | 12,146 | 22,960 | | |
| Total | \$ 20,800 | \$ 98,073 | \$ 29,858 | \$195,283 | | |

Our Wind business unit accounted for 65% and 59% of total revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to 91% and 88% for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010. Revenues in the Wind business unit decreased 85% and 90% to \$13.5 million and \$17.7 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from \$89.3 million and \$172.3 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from \$89.3 million and \$172.3 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from \$89.3 million and \$172.3 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from \$89.3 million and \$172.3 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The decrease in Wind business unit revenues was primarily due to the disruption in our relationship with Sinovel, as described above.

Our Grid business unit accounted for 35% and 41% of total revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to 9% and 12% for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010. Revenues in the Grid business unit decreased 16% and 47% to \$7.4 million and \$12.1 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from \$8.8 million and \$23.0 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

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The decrease in Grid business unit revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to reduced HTS product sales, partially offset by higher D-VAR product sales. The decrease in Grid business unit revenues for the six months ended September 30, 2011 was due primarily to reduced D-VAR and HTS product sales.

Revenues from significant government-funded contracts are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | Expected total | Revenue earned through | Three months ended September 30, | Six months ende September 30, | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Project name | contract value | September 30, 2011 | 2011 2010 | 0 2011 | 2010 |
| HYDRA | \$ 24,908 | \$ 11,249 | \$ 286 \$ 3 | 388 \$ 697 \$ | 509 |
| LIPA I and II | 40,141 | 39,784 | 74 1,3 | 366 1,383 | 2,148 |
| DOE-FCL | 7,898 | 6,867 | 82 | 416 314 | 987 |
| NAVSEA Motor Study | 6,511 | 6,492 | — | 42 — | 149 |
| Total | \$ 79,458 | \$ 64,392 | \$ 442 \$ 2,2 | \$ 2,394 \$ | 3,793 |

These significant projects represented 6% and 20% of the Grid business unit revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to 25% and 17% for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

Project HYDRA is a contract with Consolidated Edison, Inc. which is being partially funded by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security ("DHS"). DHS is expected to invest up to a total of \$24.9 million in the development of a new high temperature superconductor power grid technology called FaultBlocker[™] cable systems. FaultBlocker cable systems are designed to utilize customized Amperium[™] HTS wires, and ancillary controls to deliver more power through the grid while also being able to suppress power surges that can disrupt service. On September 15, 2011, the DHS committed an additional \$3.0 million in funding on Project HYDRA. Of the total \$24.9 million in funding expected from DHS, it has committed funding of \$15.6 million to us as of September 30, 2011. Consolidated Edison and Southwire Company are subcontractors to us on this project.

LIPA II is a project to install an HTS power cable utilizing our Amperium[™] wire for the Long Island Power Authority. DOE-FCL is a project to develop and demonstrate a transmission voltage SuperLimiter fault current limiter ("FCL"). The NAVSEA Motor Study is a project designed to test the 36.5 MW superconductor motor developed for the U.S. Navy.

Based on the average Euro and Renminbi exchange rates for the second quarter of fiscal 2011, revenues denominated in these foreign currencies translated into U.S. dollars were \$0.2 million higher compared to the translation of these revenues using the average exchange rates of these currencies for the second quarter of fiscal 2010.

The following table sets forth customers who represented 10% or more of the Company's total revenues:

| | | Three months ended September 30, | | ns ended ber 30, |
|--|------|-------------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Inox Wind, Ltd. | 24% | <10% | 17% | <10% |
| Doosan Heavy Industries & Construction Co Ltd. | 17% | <10% | 16% | <10% |
| Dongfang Electric Machinery Co. | 11% | % | <10% | —% |
| Sinovel Wind Co., Ltd | % | 82% | % | 77% |

Cost of Revenues and Gross Margin

Cost of revenues decreased by 63% and 67% to \$21.9 million and \$38.9 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, compared to \$59.4 million and \$117.6 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010. Gross margin was (5.5%) and (30.3%) for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to 39.4% and 39.8% for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The decrease in gross margin and cost of revenues in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 as compared to the same period in fiscal 2010 was a result of lower sales due to the disruption in our relationship with Sinovel and unabsorbed fixed overhead due to idle capacity. This is expected to improve in the future quarters as the wind market in China recovers.



Based on the average Euro and Renminbi exchange rates for the second quarter of fiscal 2011, cost of revenues denominated in these foreign currencies translated into U.S. dollars was \$0.5 million higher compared to the translation of cost of revenues using the average exchange rates of these currencies for the second quarter of fiscal 2010.

Operating Expenses

Research and development

A portion of our R&D expenditures related to externally funded development contracts has been classified as cost of revenues (rather than as R&D expenses). Additionally, a portion of R&D expenses was offset by cost-sharing funding. Our R&D expenditures are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Six months end September 30 | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| R&D expenses per condensed consolidated statements of operations | \$ 7,276 | \$ 7,857 | \$ 15,411 | \$ 15,192 |
| R&D expenditures reclassified as cost of revenues | 3,263 | 2,510 | 7,303 | 5,879 |
| R&D expenditures offset by cost-sharing funding | 46 | 133 | 81 | 274 |
| Aggregated R&D expenses | \$ 10,585 | \$ 10,500 | \$ 22,795 | \$ 21,345 |

R&D expenses (exclusive of amounts classified as cost of revenues and amounts offset by cost-sharing funding) decreased by 7% to \$7.3 million from \$7.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and increased 1% to \$15.4 million from \$15.2 million for the six months ended September 30, 2011. Lower R&D expenditures for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was primarily due to the impact of our cost reduction activities. Higher R&D expenditures for the six months ended September 30, 2011 was primarily due to increased spending in the first quarter to support new product development in our Wind segment, partially offset by savings from cost reduction activities in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. The increase in R&D expenditures reclassified to costs of revenue was a result of increased efforts under license and development contracts for wind turbine designs compared to the prior year. Aggregated R&D expenses, which include amounts classified as cost of revenues and amounts offset by cost-sharing funding, increased 1% and 7% to \$10.6 million and \$22.8 million, or 51% and 76% of revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to \$10.5 million and \$21.3 million, or 11% of revenues, for each of the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. Growth in R&D expenses is expected to moderate going forward as a result of the restructuring actions undertaken in fiscal 2011.

We present aggregated R&D, which is a non-GAAP measure, because we believe this presentation provides useful information on our aggregate R&D spending and because R&D expenses as reported on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income have been, and may in the future, be subject to significant fluctuations solely as a result of changes in the level of externally funded contract development work, resulting in significant changes in the amount of the costs recorded as costs of revenues rather than as R&D expenses, as discussed above.

Selling, general, and administrative

SG&A expenses increased by 1% and 22% to \$17.6 million and \$39.6 million, or 84% and 132% of revenues, for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from \$17.3 million and \$32.5 million, or 18% and 17% of revenues, for each of the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The increases in SG&A expenses were due primarily to increases in legal fees associated with ongoing litigation as discussed in Part II, Item 1, "Legal Proceedings," of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. During the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, we incurred \$3.3 million in legal fees related to Sinovel litigation. Higher legal expenses are expected for the next several quarters as we expect to continue pursuing litigation against Sinovel.

Write-off of advance payment

In October 2011, we terminated our previously planned acquisition of The Switch due to adverse market conditions for a financing required to fund the acquisition. As a result, The Switch retained a \$20.6 million advance payment as a break-up fee, and we recorded a write-off of the advance payment during the three months ended September 30, 2011.



Amortization of acquisition related intangibles

We recorded amortization expense related to our core technology and know-how, trade names and trademark intangible assets of \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million in the three months ended September 30, 2010. These intangible assets are primarily a result of our AMSC Windtec acquisition.

Restructuring and impairments

We recorded restructuring and impairment charges of \$4.3 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011. These amounts consist primarily of employee severance and benefit costs of \$3.3 million related to the August 2011 restructuring plan, facility exit costs of \$0.1 million associated with portions of the leased space in Klagenfurt, Austria, and impairment charges of \$0.9 million on long-lived assets for which there is no remaining future economic benefit as of September 30, 2011.

Operating (loss) income

Our operating (loss) income is summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | | Three months ended September 30, | | hs ended ber 30, |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Operating (loss) income: | | | | |
| Wind | \$ (16,336) | \$ 32,655 | \$(40,705) | \$ 63,994 |
| Grid | \$ (7,645) | \$(15,213) | \$(18,197) | \$ (26,998) |
| Unallocated corporate expenses | \$ (27,144) | \$ (4,362) | \$(30,549) | \$ (7,836) |
| Total | \$ (51,125) | \$ 13,080 | \$(89,451) | \$ 29,160 |

Operating (loss) income for the Wind business unit decreased to an operating loss of \$16.3 million and \$40.7 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from an operating income of \$32.7 million and \$64.0 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The decrease in Wind business unit operating income was primarily due to the disruption in our relationship with Sinovel, as described above.

Operating (loss) income for the Grid business unit decreased to an operating loss of \$7.6 million and \$18.2 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, from an operating loss of \$15.2 million and \$27.0 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The decrease in Grid business unit operating loss was primarily due to lower operating expenses as a result of the reductions in force, reduced discretionary spending and changes to corporate allocations, partially offset by reduced DVAR revenues.

Unallocated corporate expenses primarily consist of the write-off of an advance payment to The Switch of \$20.6 million and restructuring and impairment charges of \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and stock-based compensation expense of \$2.1 million and \$5.6 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Unallocated corporate expenses primarily consist of stock-based compensation expense of \$4.3 million and \$7.8 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

Interest income, net

Interest income, net, was less than \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The decreases are due primarily to lower interest-bearing cash balances.

Other income, net

Other income, net, was \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively, compared to \$2.4 million and \$2.6 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010. The decrease

in other income, net primarily relates to a decrease in foreign currency gains of \$1.8 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, and an increase in losses on minority interest investments of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

Income Taxes

In the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, we recorded income tax expense of \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, compared to \$7.9 million and \$15.1 million in the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. Income tax expense decreased primarily due to the pretax losses in the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and a full valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets. We have provided a valuation allowance against all deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2011, as it is more likely than not that our deferred tax assets are not currently realizable due to the net operating losses incurred since our inception in the U.S. and the significant write-offs in certain foreign jurisdictions in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011.

Non-GAAP Measures

Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's performance, financial position or cash flow that either excludes or includes amounts that are not normally excluded or included in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. The non-GAAP measures included in this Form 10-Q, however, should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to the comparable measure prepared in accordance with GAAP.

We define non-GAAP net (loss) income as net (loss) income before amortization of acquisition-related intangibles, restructuring and impairments, stockbased compensation, other unusual charges and any tax effects related to these items. We believe non-GAAP net (loss) income assists management and investors in comparing our performance across reporting periods on a consistent basis by excluding these non-cash or non-recurring charges that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance. We also regard non-GAAP net (loss) income as a useful measure of operating performance which more closely aligns net (loss) income with cash used in/provided by continuing operations. In addition, we use non-GAAP net (loss) income as a factor in evaluating management's performance when determining incentive compensation and to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies. A reconciliation of non-GAAP to GAAP net (loss) income is set forth in the table below (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Six months ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (51,709) | \$ 7,839 | \$ (89,388) | \$ 17,008 |
| Write-off of advance payment | 20,551 | _ | 20,551 | _ |
| Stock-based compensation | 2,113 | 4,326 | 5,579 | 7,825 |
| Restructuring and impairment charges | 4,301 | — | 4,301 | — |
| Executive severance | — | — | 2,066 | — |
| Sinovel litigation | 3,334 | | 3,334 | |
| Provision for excess and obsolete inventory | | 580 | _ | 580 |
| Adverse purchase commitment (recoveries) losses, net | (904) | — | 167 | — |
| Margin on zero cost-basis inventory | (127) | — | (127) | — |
| Value-added tax write-off | — | 221 | | 432 |
| Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles | 300 | 374 | 604 | 762 |
| Tax effects | — | (84) | | (167) |
| Non-GAAP net (loss) income | \$ (22,141) | \$ 13,256 | \$ (52,913) | \$ 26,440 |
| | . | | | |
| Non-GAAP (loss) earnings per share | <u>\$ (0.44)</u> | \$ 0.29 | <u>\$ (1.04)</u> | <u>\$ 0.57</u> |
| Weighted average shares outstanding * | 50,876 | 46,217 | 50,716 | 46,099 |

^{*} Diluted shares are used for periods where net income is generated.

We incurred non-GAAP net losses of (\$22.1) million and (\$52.9) million, or (\$0.44) and (\$1.04) per share, for the three months and six months ended September 30, 2011, compared to non-GAAP net income of \$13.3 million and \$26.4 or \$0.29 and \$0.57 per diluted share, for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010. The decrease in non-GAAP net income was driven primarily by a decrease in net income as described above, partially offset by the write-off of the advance payment to The Switch, Sinovel litigation expenses and restructuring and impairment charges.



Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2011, we had cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted cash of \$108.3 million, compared to \$245.5 million at March 31, 2011, a decrease of \$137.3 million. Our cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted cash are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | September 30, 2011 | March 31, 2011 |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 93,511 | \$123,783 |
| Marketable securities | 5,378 | 116,126 |
| Restricted cash | 9,374 | 5,566 |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted cash | \$ 108,263 | \$245,475 |

For the six months ended September 30, 2011, net cash used in operating activities was \$106.9 million compared to \$1.9 million in the six months ended September 30, 2010. The increase in net cash used in operations is due primarily to a decrease in net income of \$106.4 million and an increase in cash used for working capital of \$23.2 million, partially offset by the write-off of the advance payment to The Switch of \$20.6 million.

For the six months ended September 30, 2011, net cash provided by investing activities was \$76.2 million compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$37.3 million in the six months ended September 30, 2010. The increase in net cash provided by investing activities for the six months ended September 30, 2011 was driven primarily by an increase in net maturities and sales of marketable securities of \$120.9 million, a decrease in capital expenditures of \$10.6 million and decrease in purchased minority investments of \$6.2 million, partially offset by the \$20.6 million advance payment to The Switch and an increase in restricted cash of \$4.0 million.

For the six months ended September 30, 2011, net cash used in financing activities was \$0.1 million compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$1.6 million in the six months ended September 30, 2010. The decrease in net cash provided by financing activities is primarily due to a decrease in proceeds from exercise of employee stock options and ESPP of \$1.4 million and payments in lieu of issuance of common stock for payroll taxes of \$0.3 million.

As of September 30, 2011, we had seven performance bonds in support of customer contracts to guarantee supply of core components and software. The total value of the outstanding performance bonds is \$1.8 million with various expiration dates through March 2014. In the event that the payment is made in accordance with the requirements of any of these performance bonds, we would record the payment as an offset to revenue.

At September 30, 2011 and March 31, 2011, we had \$8.3 million and \$5.6 million, respectively, of restricted cash included in current assets. At September 30, 2011, we had \$1.1 million of restricted cash included in long-term assets. These amounts included in restricted cash represent deposits to secure letters of credit for various supply contracts. These deposits are held in interest bearing accounts. We had an additional \$2.2 million in unsecured letters of credit, at September 30, 2011 and March 31, 2011, also in support of various supply contracts.

We had unused, unsecured lines of credit consisting of RMB 17.6 million (approximately \$2.7 million) in China and €1.6 million (approximately \$2.2 million) in Austria as of September 30, 2011. During the three months ended September 30, 2011, our unsecured credit line with the Bank of China expired and we repaid borrowings on lines of credit of \$4.6 million and there were no borrowings outstanding as of September 30, 2011.

Our business plan anticipates a substantial decline in revenues and a substantial use of cash from operations in our fiscal year ending March 31, 2012, particularly in light of the difficult and uncertain current economic environment particularly in China, the significant restructuring actions undertaken and the slowdown in the Chinese wind power market, which has accounted for more than two-thirds of our revenues in recent fiscal years. Our plan includes a significant restructuring undertaken in August 2011, resulting in the elimination of approximately 150 positions worldwide. Since April 1, 2011, we have eliminated approximately 30% of our workforce and we expect to reduce annualized expenses by approximately \$30 million annually as a result of these reductions. We plan to continue to closely monitor our expenses and if required, will further reduce operating costs and capital spending to enhance liquidity. We believe that our available cash, together with additional reductions in operating costs and capital expenditures as necessary will be sufficient to fund our operations, capital expenditures and other cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. Our long-term liquidity is dependent on our ability to profitably grow our revenues or raise additional capital as required. If necessary, we may seek

financing through public or private equity offerings, debt financings, or other financing alternatives. However, there can be no assurance that financing will be available on acceptable terms or at all.

Between April 6, 2011 and April 29, 2011, six putative securities class action complaints were filed against us and two of our officers in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. On May 12, 2011, an additional complaint was filed against us, our officers and directors, and the underwriters who participated in our November 12, 2010 securities offering. On June 7, 2011, the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts consolidated these actions under the caption *Lenartz v. American Superconductor Corporation, et al.* Docket No. 1:11-cv-10582-WGY. On June 16, 2011, the court appointed the law firm Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP as Lead Counsel and the Plumbers and Pipefitters National Pension Fund as Lead Plaintiff. On August 31, 2011, the Lead Plaintiff filed a consolidated amended complaint against us, our officers and directors, and the underwriters who participated in our November 12, 2010 securities offering, asserting claims under sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as well as under sections 11, 12(a)(2) and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933. The complaint alleges that during the relevant class period, we and our officers omitted to state material facts and made materially false and misleading statements relating to, among other things, our projected and recognized revenues and earnings, as well as our relationship with Sinovel Wind Group Co., Ltd. that artificially inflated the value of our stock price. The complaint further alleges that our November 12, 2010 securities to be stated therein. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages, rescindment of our November 12, 2010 securities offering, and an award of costs and expenses, including attorney's fees.

On April 27, 2011, a putative shareholder derivative complaint was filed against us (as a nominal defendant) and each of our current directors in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Worcester County. The case is captioned Segel v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-0787. Between May 4, 2011 and June 17, 2011, four additional putative shareholder derivative complaints were filed in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts against us and certain of our directors and officers. The cases are captioned Weakley v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10784; Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10825; Connors v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10910; and Hurd v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-11102. On June 1, 2011, the plaintiff in Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al. moved to voluntarily dismiss its complaint and refiled its complaint in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County, on June 3, 2011. The case is now captioned Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-1961. The Superior Court in Worcester County granted the plaintiff's motion to transfer in Segel v. Yurek et al. to the Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County on June 23, 2011, and that matter is now captioned Segel v. Yurek et al., Docket No. 11-2269. On July 5, 2011, the Weakley, Connors and Hurd actions were consolidated in United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. That matter is now captioned In re American Superconductor Corporation Derivative Litigation, Docket No. 1:11-cv-10784. On June 1, 2011, the plaintiff in Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al. moved to voluntarily dismiss its complaint and, on June 3, 2011, refiled its complaint in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County. The Superior Court in Worcester County granted the plaintiff's motion to transfer in Segel v. Yurek et al. to the Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County on June 23, 2011. On September 7, 2011, the Marlborough and Segel actions were consolidated in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County. The case is now captioned Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-1961. The allegations of the derivative complaints mirror the allegations made in the putative class action complaints described above. The plaintiffs purport to assert claims against the director defendants for breach of fiduciary duty, abuse of control, gross mismanagement and corporate waste. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages on behalf of us, as well as an award of costs and expenses, including attorney's fees.

If a matter is both probable to result in liability and the amounts of loss can be reasonably estimated, we estimate and disclose the possible loss or range of loss. With respect to the above referenced litigation matters, such an estimate cannot be made. There are numerous factors that make it difficult to meaningfully estimate possible loss or range of loss at this stage of these litigation matters, including that: the proceedings are in relatively early stages, there are significant factual and legal issues to be resolved, information obtained or rulings made during the lawsuits could affect the methodology for calculation of rescission and the related statutory interest rate. In addition, with respect to claims where damages are the requested relief, no amount of loss or damages has been specified. Therefore, we are unable at this time to estimate possible losses. We believe that these litigations are without merit, and we intend to defend these actions vigorously.

On September 13, 2011, we commenced a series of legal actions in China against Sinovel Wind Group Co. Ltd. ("Sinovel"). Our Chinese subsidiary, Suzhou AMSC Superconductor Co. Ltd., filed a claim for arbitration with the Beijing Arbitration Commission in accordance with the terms of our supply contracts with Sinovel. The case is captioned (2011) Jin Zhong An Zi No. 0693. On March 31, 2011, Sinovel refused to accept contracted shipments of 1.5 megawatt (MW) and 3

MW wind turbine core electrical components and spare parts that we were prepared to deliver. We allege that these actions constitute material breaches of our contracts because Sinovel did not give us notice that it intended to delay deliveries as required under the contracts. Moreover, we allege that Sinovel has refused to pay past due amounts for prior shipments of core electrical components and spare parts. We are seeking compensation for past product shipments (including interest) and monetary damages in the amount of approximately RMB 430 million (\$67 million) due to Sinovel's breaches of our contracts. We are also seeking specific performance of our existing contracts as well as reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses with respect to the arbitration. The value of the undelivered components under the existing contracts, including the deliveries refused by Sinovel in March 2011, amounts to approximately RMB 4.6 billion (\$720 million).

On October 8, 2011, Sinovel filed with the Beijing Arbitration Commission an application under the caption (2011) Jin Zhong An Zi No. 0693, for a counterclaim against the Company for breach of the same contracts under which the Company filed its original arbitration claim. Sinovel claimed, among other things, that the goods supplied by the Company do not conform to the standards specified in the contracts and claimed damages in the amount of approximately RMB 370 millon (\$58 million). On October 17, 2011, Sinovel filed with the Beijing Arbitration Commission a request for change of counterclaim to increase its damage claim to approximately RMB 1 billion (\$157 million). Deducting the RMB 430 million (\$67 million) claimed by the Company, the net amount of damages claimed by Sinovel is approximately RMB 570 million (\$89 million). We believe that Sinovel's claims are without merit and we intend to defend these actions vigorously. Since the proceedings in this matter are in relatively early stages, we cannot reasonably estimate possible losses or range of losses at this time.

We also submitted a civil action application to the Beijing No. 1 Intermediate People's Court under the caption (2011) Yi Zhong Min Chu Zi No. 15524, against Sinovel for software copyright infringement on September 13, 2011. The application alleges Sinovel's unauthorized use of portions of our wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines and the binary code, or upper layer, of our software for the PM3000 power converters in 1.5MW wind turbines. In July 2011, a former employee of our AMSC Windtec GmbH subsidiary was arrested in Austria on charges of economic espionage and fraudulent manipulation of data. In September 2011, the former employee pled guilty to the charges, and he is currently serving a prison sentence. As a result of our internal investigation and a criminal investigation conducted by Austrian authorities, we believe that this former employee was contracted by Sinovel through an intermediary while employed by us and improperly obtained and transferred to Sinovel portions of our wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines. Moreover, we believe the former employee illegally used source code to develop for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines. Moreover, we believe the former employee illegally used source code to develop for Sinovel a software modification to circumvent the encryption and remove technical protection measures on the PM3000 power converters in 1.5MW wind turbines in the field. We are seeking a cease and desist order with respect to the unauthorized copying, installation and use of our software, monetary damages of approximately RMB 38 million (\$6 million) for our economic losses and reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed.

We submitted a civil action application to the Beijing Higher People's Court against Sinovel and certain of its employees for trade secret infringement on September 13 2011 under the caption (2011) Gao Min Chu Zi No. 4193. The application alleges the defendants' unauthorized use of portions of our wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines as described above with respect to the Copyright Action. We are seeking monetary damages of RMB 2.9 billion (\$453 million) for the trade secret infringement as well as reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed.

On September 16, 2011, we filed a civil copyright infringement complaint in the Hainan Province No. 1 Intermediate People's Court against Dalian Guotong Electric Co. Ltd. ("Guotong"), a supplier of power converter products to Sinovel, and Huaneng Hainan Power, Inc., a wind farm operator that has purchased Sinovel wind turbines containing Goutong power converter products. The case is captioned (2011) Hainan Yi Zhong Min Chu Zi No. 62. The application alleges that our PM1000 converters in certain Sinovel wind turbines have been replaced by converters produced by Guotong. Because the Guotong converters are being used in wind turbines containing our wind turbine control software, we believe that our copyrighted software is being infringed. We are seeking a cease and desist order with respect to the unauthorized use of our software, monetary damages of RMB 1.2 million (\$0.2 million) for our economic losses (with respect to Guotong only) and reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed. In addition, upon the request of the defendant Huaneng Hainan Power, Inc, Sinovel has been added by the court to this case as a defendant.

Ghodawat Energy Pvt Ltd ("Ghodawat"), a company registered in India carrying on the business of wind power development, lodged a Request for Arbitration with the Secretariat of the ICC International Court of Arbitration on May 12, 2011 and named AMSC Windtec GmbH ("AMSC Windtec") as the Respondent. Under the Request for Arbitration, Ghodawat alleges that AMSC Windtec breached an agreement dated March 19, 2008 pursuant to which AMSC Windtec granted a license to Ghodawat to manufacture, use, sell, market, erect, commission and maintain certain wind turbines using its technical information and wind turbine design (the "License Agreement"). Under the Request for Arbitration, Ghodawat's claims in this arbitration amount to approximately &18 million (\$24 million). AMSC Windtec filed an Answer to Request for Arbitration and Counterclaim ("Answer and Counterclaim"), in which AMSC Windtec denied Ghodawat's claims in their entirety. AMSC Windtec has also submitted counterclaims under the License Agreement against Ghodawat in the amount of approximately &6 million (\$9 million). Ghodawat has filed a Reply to Answer to Request for Arbitration and Counterclaim in which it denies AMSC Windtec's counterclaims. The arbitration proceedings are currently ongoing. We have recorded a loss contingency based on our assessment of probable losses on this claim, however this amount is immaterial to our consolidated financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined under SEC rules, such as relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, which are often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, established for the purpose of facilitating transactions that are not required to be reflected on our balance sheet except as discussed below.

We occasionally enter into construction contracts that include a performance bond. As these contracts progress, we continually assess the probability of a payout from the performance bond. Should we determine that such a payout is probable, we would record a liability.

In addition, the Company has various contractual arrangements in which minimum quantities of goods or services have been committed to be purchased on an annual basis.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-06, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements*. This standard amends the disclosure guidance with respect to fair value measurements for both interim and annual reporting periods. Specifically, this standard requires new disclosures for significant transfers of assets or liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy; separate disclosures for purchases, sales, issuance and settlements of Level 3 fair value items on a gross, rather than net basis; and more robust disclosure of the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure Level 2 and Level 3 assets and liabilities. We have included these new disclosures, as applicable, in Note 3, "Marketable Securities and Fair Value Disclosures," of our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-29, *Business Combinations (Topic 805)*, *Disclosure of Supplementary Pro forma Information for Business Combinations a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (ASC 2010-29)*. This amendment clarifies the periods for which pro forma financial information is presented. The disclosures include pro forma revenue and earnings of the combined entity for the current reporting period as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the year had been as of the beginning of the annual reporting period should be reported as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the current year had been as of the beginning of the comparable prior reporting period should be reported as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the current year had been as of the beginning of the comparable prior reporting period. ASU 2010-29 is effective prospectively for business combinations that occur on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2010. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2011-04 to have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-05, *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income*. ASU 2011-05 requires entities to present net income and other comprehensive income in either a single continuous statement or in two separate, but consecutive, statements of net income and other comprehensive income. ASU 2011-05 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2011. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2011-04 to have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We face exposure to financial market risks, including adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates and changes in interest rates. These exposures may change over time as our business practices evolve and could have a material adverse impact on our financial results.

Primary market risk

Our exposure to market risk through financial instruments, such as investments in marketable securities, is limited to interest rate risk and is not material. Our investments in marketable securities consist primarily of government-backed securities and commercial paper and are designed, in order of priority, to preserve principal, provide liquidity, and maximize income. Investments are monitored to limit exposure to mortgage-backed securities and similar instruments responsible for the recent turmoil in the credit markets. Interest rates are variable and fluctuate with current market conditions. We do not believe that a 10% change in interest rates would have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

Foreign currency exchange risk

The functional currency of each of our foreign subsidiaries is the U.S. dollar, except for our Austrian subsidiary, for which the local currency (Euro) is the functional currency, and our Chinese subsidiary, for which the local currency (Renminbi) is the functional currency. The assets and liabilities of these foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date and income and expense items are translated at average rates for the period. Cumulative translation adjustments are excluded from net income (loss) and shown as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

We face exposure to movements in foreign currency exchange rates whenever we, or any of our subsidiaries, enter into transactions with third parties that are denominated in currencies other than our functional currency. Intercompany transactions between entities that use different functional currencies also expose us to foreign currency risk. Gross margins of products we manufacture in the U.S and sell in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are also affected by foreign currency exchange rate movements. In addition, a portion of our earnings is generated by our foreign subsidiaries, whose functional currencies are other than the U.S. dollar, and our revenues and earnings could be materially impacted by movements in foreign currency exchange rates upon the translation of the earnings of such subsidiaries into the U.S. dollar.

Foreign currency gains included in net loss were \$1.1 million and \$2.3 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Foreign currency gains included in net income were \$2.9 million and \$3.2 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Overview

Our management previously identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting related to revenues and accounts receivable balances as fees were not fixed or determinable or collectability was not reasonably assured at the time revenue was recognized, which is described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2011. During fiscal 2011 through the date of this filing, management has been focused on remediating these material weaknesses. The remediation process is ongoing but it is not yet complete. There was no change in internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. The following discussion sets forth a summary of management's evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2011.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2011. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2011 because of the previously identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting discussed below.

Notwithstanding the material weaknesses described below, management believes that the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly present, in all material respects, our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP").

This section of Item 4, "Controls and Procedures," should be read in conjunction with Item 9A. "Controls and Procedures," included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011.

Material Weaknesses

As of September 30, 2011, the unremediated material weaknesses were as follows:

- we did not maintain adequately designed controls to ensure accurate recognition of revenue in accordance with GAAP. Specifically, controls were
 not effective to ensure that deviations from contractually established payment terms were identified, communicated and authorized;
- we did not maintain adequate controls to ensure proper monitoring and evaluation of customer creditworthiness, including the collectability of amounts due from customers and appropriate revenue recognition;
- we did not maintain a sufficient complement of personnel involved with business in our foreign locations with the appropriate level of knowledge, experience and training in the application of GAAP to ensure revenue transactions were appropriately reflected in the financial statements based on the terms and conditions of the sales contracts; and
- we did not establish and maintain, procedures to ensure proper oversight and review, by senior management, of customer relationships to ensure appropriate communication of relevant considerations to determine accounting judgments with respect to revenue recognition.

Remediation of Material Weaknesses

As of the date of this filing, the status of our remediation efforts with regards to the above material weaknesses is as follows:

- we have established formal, written policies and procedures governing the customer credit process;
- we have implemented improved procedures to ensure the proper review and documentation of customer creditworthiness;
- we have established a new worldwide revenue manager position in finance with GAAP experience to ensure accuracy of revenue recognition;
- we are in the process of improving procedures to ensure the proper communication, approval and accounting review of deviations from sales contracts;
- we plan to provide additional and on-going training to product managers and others involved in negotiating contractual arrangements and accounting
 for revenue transactions, in order to heighten awareness of revenue recognition concepts under GAAP; and
- we are in the process of improving the internal communication process for senior management. During monthly operations reviews time is devoted to senior management review of pending operational and accounting issues for the current quarter.

Management is committed to a strong internal control environment and believes that, when fully implemented and tested, the measures described above will improve our internal control over financial reporting. We will continue to assess the effectiveness of our remediation efforts in connection with our future assessments of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except as discussed above, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2011 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Between April 6, 2011 and April 29, 2011, six putative securities class action complaints were filed against us and two of our officers in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. On May 12, 2011, an additional complaint was filed against us, our officers and directors, and the underwriters who participated in our November 12, 2010 securities offering. On June 7, 2011, the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts consolidated these actions under the caption *Lenartz v. American Superconductor Corporation, et al.* Docket No. 1:11-cv-10582-WGY. On June 16, 2011, the court appointed the law firm Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP as Lead Counsel and the Plumbers and Pipefitters National Pension Fund as Lead Plaintiff. On August 31, 2011, the Lead Plaintiff filed a consolidated amended complaint against us, our officers and directors, and the underwriters who participated in our November 12, 2010 securities offering, asserting claims under sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as well as under sections 11, 12(a)(2) and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933. The complaint alleges that during the relevant class period, we and our officers omitted to state material facts and made materially false and misleading statements relating to, among other things, our projected and recognized revenues and earnings, as well as our relationship with Sinovel Wind Group Co., Ltd. that artificially inflated the value of our stock price. The complaint further alleges that our November 12, 2010 securities offering. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages, rescindment of our November 12, 2010 securities offering, and an award of costs and expenses, including attorney's fees.

On April 27, 2011, a putative shareholder derivative complaint was filed against us (as a nominal defendant) and each of our current directors in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Worcester County. The case is captioned Segel v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-0787. Between May 4, 2011 and June 17, 2011, four additional putative shareholder derivative complaints were filed in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts against us and certain of our directors and officers. The cases are captioned Weakley v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cy-10784; Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v, Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10825; Connors v, Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-10910; and Hurd v, Yurek, et al., Docket No. 1:11-cv-11102. On June 1, 2011, the plaintiff in Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al. moved to voluntarily dismiss its complaint and refiled its complaint in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County, on June 3, 2011. The case is now captioned Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-1961. The Superior Court in Worcester County granted the plaintiff's motion to transfer in Segel v. Yurek et al. to the Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County on June 23, 2011, and that matter is now captioned Segel v. Yurek et al., Docket No. 11-2269. On July 5, 2011, the Weakley, Connors and Hurd actions were consolidated in United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. That matter is now captioned In re American Superconductor Corporation Derivative Litigation, Docket No. 1:11-cv-10784. On June 1, 2011, the plaintiff in Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al. moved to voluntarily dismiss its complaint and, on June 3, 2011, refiled its complaint in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County. The Superior Court in Worcester County granted the plaintiff's motion to transfer in Segel v. Yurek et al. to the Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County on June 23, 2011. On September 7, 2011, the Marlborough and Segel actions were consolidated in Superior Court for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Middlesex County. The case is now captioned Marlborough Family Revocable Trust v. Yurek, et al., Docket No. 11-1961. The allegations of the derivative complaints mirror the allegations made in the putative class action complaints described above. The plaintiffs purport to assert claims against the director defendants for breach of fiduciary duty, abuse of control, gross mismanagement and corporate waste. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages on behalf of us, as well as an award of costs and expenses, including attorney's fees.

If a matter is both probable to result in liability and the amounts of loss can be reasonably estimated, we estimate and disclose the possible loss or range of loss. With respect to the above referenced litigation matters, such an estimate cannot be made. There are numerous factors that make it difficult to meaningfully estimate possible loss or range of loss at this stage of these litigation matters, including that: the proceedings are in relatively early stages, there are significant factual and legal issues to be resolved, information obtained or rulings made during the lawsuits could affect the methodology for calculation of rescission and the related statutory interest rate. In addition, with respect to claims where damages are the requested relief, no amount of loss or damages has been specified. Therefore, we are unable at this time to estimate possible losses. We believe that these litigations are without merit, and we intend to defend these actions vigorously.

On September 13, 2011, we commenced a series of legal actions in China against Sinovel Wind Group Co. Ltd. ("Sinovel"). Our Chinese subsidiary, Suzhou AMSC Superconductor Co. Ltd., filed a claim for arbitration with the Beijing

Arbitration Commission in accordance with the terms of our supply contracts with Sinovel. The case is captioned (2011) Jin Zhong An Zi No. 0693. On March 31, 2011, Sinovel refused to accept contracted shipments of 1.5 megawatt (MW) and 3 MW wind turbine core electrical components and spare parts that we were prepared to deliver. We allege that these actions constitute material breaches of our contracts because Sinovel did not give us notice that it intended to delay deliveries as required under the contracts. Moreover, we allege that Sinovel has refused to pay past due amounts for prior shipments of core electrical components and spare parts. We are seeking compensation for past product shipments (including interest) and monetary damages in the amount of approximately RMB 430 million (\$67 million) due to Sinovel's breaches of our contracts. We are also seeking specific performance of our existing contracts as well as reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses with respect to the arbitration. The value of the undelivered components under the existing contracts, including the deliveries refused by Sinovel in March 2011, amounts to approximately RMB 4.6 billion (\$720 million).

On October 8, 2011, Sinovel filed with the Beijing Arbitration Commission an application under the caption (2011) Jin Zhong An Zi No. 0693, for a counterclaim against the Company for breach of the same contracts under which the Company filed its original arbitration claim. Sinovel claimed, among other things, that the goods supplied by the Company do not conform to the standards specified in the contracts and claimed damages in the amount of approximately RMB 370 millon (\$58 million). On October 17, 2011, Sinovel filed with the Beijing Arbitration Commission a request for change of counterclaim to increase its damage claim to approximately RMB 1 billion (\$157 million). Deducting the RMB 430 million (\$67 million) claimed by the Company, the net amount of damages claimed by Sinovel is approximately RMB 570 million (\$89 million). We believe that Sinovel's claims are without merit and we intend to defend these actions vigorously. Since the proceedings in this matter are in relatively early stages, we cannot reasonably estimate possible losses or range of losses at this time.

We also submitted a civil action application to the Beijing No. 1 Intermediate People's Court under the caption (2011) Yi Zhong Min Chu Zi No. 15524, against Sinovel for software copyright infringement on September 13, 2011. The application alleges Sinovel's unauthorized use of portions of our wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines and the binary code, or upper layer, of our software for the PM3000 power converters in 1.5MW wind turbines. In July 2011, a former employee of our AMSC Windtec GmbH subsidiary was arrested in Austria on charges of economic espionage and fraudulent manipulation of data. In September 2011, the former employee pled guilty to the charges, and he is currently serving a prison sentence. As a result of our internal investigation and a criminal investigation conducted by Austrian authorities, we believe that this former employee was contracted by Sinovel through an intermediary while employed by us and improperly obtained and transferred to Sinovel portions of our wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines. Moreover, we believe the former employee illegally used source code to develop for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines. Moreover, we believe the former employee illegally used source code to develop for Sinovel a software modification to circumvent the encryption and remove technical protection measures on the PM3000 power converters in 1.5MW wind turbines in the field. We are seeking a cease and desist order with respect to the unauthorized copying, installation and use of our software, monetary damages of approximately RMB 38 million (\$6 million) for our economic losses and reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed.

We submitted a civil action application to the Beijing Higher People's Court against Sinovel and certain of its employees for trade secret infringement on September 13 2011 under the caption (2011) Gao Min Chu Zi No. 4193. The application alleges the defendants' unauthorized use of portions of our wind turbine control software source code developed for Sinovel's 1.5MW wind turbines as described above with respect to the Copyright Action. We are seeking monetary damages of RMB 2.9 billion (\$453 million) for the trade secret infringement as well as reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed.

On September 16, 2011, we filed a civil copyright infringement complaint in the Hainan Province No. 1 Intermediate People's Court against Dalian Guotong Electric Co. Ltd. ("Guotong"), a supplier of power converter products to Sinovel, and Huaneng Hainan Power, Inc., a wind farm operator that has purchased Sinovel wind turbines containing Goutong power converter products. The case is captioned *(2011) Hainan Yi Zhong Min Chu Zi No. 62.* The application alleges that our PM1000 converters in certain Sinovel wind turbines have been replaced by converters produced by Guotong. Because the Guotong converters are being used in wind turbines containing our wind turbine control software, we believe that our copyrighted software is being infringed. We are seeking a cease and desist order with respect to the unauthorized use of our software, monetary damages of RMB 1.2 million (\$0.2 million) for our economic losses (with respect to Guotong only) and reimbursement of all costs and reasonable expenses. The court has accepted the case, which was necessary in order for the case to proceed. In addition, upon the request of the defendant Huaneng Hainan Power, Inc, Sinovel has been added by the court to this case as a defendant.

Ghodawat Energy Pvt Ltd ("Ghodawat"), a company registered in India carrying on the business of wind power development, lodged a Request for Arbitration with the Secretariat of the ICC International Court of Arbitration on May 12, 2011 and named AMSC Windtec GmbH ("AMSC Windtec") as the Respondent. Under the Request for Arbitration, Ghodawat alleges that AMSC Windtec breached an agreement dated March 19, 2008 pursuant to which AMSC Windtec granted a license to Ghodawat to manufacture, use, sell, market, erect, commission and maintain certain wind turbines using its technical information and wind turbine design (the "License Agreement"). Under the Request for Arbitration, Ghodawat's claims in this arbitration amount to approximately &18 million (\$24 million). AMSC Windtec filed an Answer to Request for Arbitration and Counterclaim ("Answer and Counterclaim"), in which AMSC Windtec denied Ghodawat's claims in their entirety. AMSC Windtec has also submitted counterclaims under the License Agreement against Ghodawat in the amount of approximately &66 million (\$9 million). Ghodawat has filed a Reply to Answer to Request for Arbitration and Counterclaim in which it denies AMSC Windtec's counterclaims. The arbitration proceedings are currently ongoing. We have recorded a loss contingency based on our assessment of probable losses on this claim, however this amount is immaterial to our consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. In addition to the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2011, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. To the best of our knowledge, as of the date of this report there has been no material change in any risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, except for deleting the risk factors entitled **"We will require significant additional funding and may be unable to raise capital when needed, which could force us to delay, reduce or eliminate planned activities, including the planned acquisition of The Switch Engineering Oy," "If we fail to complete the planned acquisition of The Switch, our operating results and financial condition could be harmed and the price of our common stock could decline" and "Completion of the planned acquisition of The Switch could present certain risks" following the Company's termination of its agreement to acquire The Switch due to adverse market conditions for a financing required to fund the acquisition. In addition, we have added the following risk factor:**

We may require additional funding in the future and may be unable to raise capital when needed.

As of September 30, 2011, we had approximately \$108.3 million of cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted cash. We plan to continue to closely monitor our expenses and if required, will further reduce operating costs and capital spending to enhance liquidity. We believe that our available cash, together with additional reductions in operating costs and capital expenditures as necessary will be sufficient to fund our operations, capital expenditures and other cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. Our long-term liquidity is dependent on our ability to profitably grow our revenues or raise additional capital as required. If necessary, we may seek financing through public or private equity offerings, debt financings, or other financing alternatives. However, there can be no assurance that financing will be available on acceptable terms or at all.

ITEM 2 UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

See the Exhibit Index on the page immediately preceding the exhibits for a list of exhibits filed as part of this quarterly report, which Exhibit Index is incorporated herein by this reference.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 9, 2011

AMERICAN SUPERCONDUCTOR CORPORATION

By: /s/ David A. Henry

David A. Henry Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit No. | Description |
|-------------|--|
| 10.1 | Severance Agreement dated as of July 26, 2011 between the Registrant and John R. Collett |
| 10.2 | Severance Agreement dated as of September 12, 2011 between the Registrant and Charles W. Stankiewicz |
| 10.3 | Executive Incentive Plan for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2012 |
| 31.1 | Chief Executive Officer—Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 31.2 | Chief Financial Officer—Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32.1 | Chief Executive Officer—Certification pursuant to Rule13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32.2 | Chief Financial Officer—Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document.** |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.** |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document.** |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document.** |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document.** |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document.** |
| | |

^{**} submitted electronically herewith

In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

Attached as Exhibits 101 to this report are the following formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2011 and March 31, 2011, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income for the three and six months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, and (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

SEVERANCE AGREEMENT

This Severance Agreement (the "Agreement") is made as of this 26th day of July, 2011 by and between American Superconductor Corporation (the "Company"), and John R. Collett (the "Executive").

WHEREAS, the Executive currently serves as the Company's Senior Vice President, Chief Strategy Officer;

WHEREAS, the Executive wishes to resign his position from the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive believe that it is in both of their interests for the Executive to terminate his employment on July 22, 2011(the "Resignation Date") pursuant to the provisions set forth in this Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Company previously delivered this Agreement to the Executive on June 13, 2011, and since such time the parties have negotiated in good faith and agreed to modify the Agreement, and the Company has secured the necessary approval, to provide for the accelerated vesting of all of the 47,200 shares of restricted stock held by the Executive as set forth in Paragraph 2(b) below;

WHEREAS, the Company has agreed to continue to employ the Executive through the Resignation Date and to offer the Executive the Severance Benefits set forth in Paragraph 2 below, provided that he signs and returns this Agreement to the Company no earlier than the Resignation Date but no later than August 12th, 2011 and does not revoke it;

WHEREAS, on Executive's Resignation Date he will be paid his 192 hours of earned but unused vacation and for his business expenses and that he has returned to the Company all Company property. Executive further confirms that he will transfer the phone number as of the July 31, 2011 on his Blackberry to a personal account;

WHEREAS, the Company has advised the Executive to consult with an attorney of his own choosing prior to executing this Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual covenants contained herein, the parties agree as follows.

1. <u>Severance Benefits</u>. Provided the Executive timely signs and returns this Agreement no earlier than his Resignation Date, and does not revoke this Agreement, the Company will provide him, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in Attachment A, the following severance benefits (the "Severance Benefits"):

a. <u>Severance Pay</u>. The Company will pay to the Executive \$375,000, less all applicable taxes and withholdings, as severance pay (an amount equivalent to

eighteen (18) months of his current base salary) (the "Severance Pay"). The Severance Pay will be paid as salary continuation in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices, but in no event shall payment begin earlier than the eighth (8th) day after the Executive's execution of the Agreement (provided he has not revoked his acceptance of the Agreement). If Executive dies before receiving the entire Severance Pay, the balance will be paid to his wife, if she is not alive at the time, to his estate.

b. <u>Accelerated Vesting of Restricted Stock</u>. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company has approved that on the eighth (8th) day after the Executive's execution and timely return of the Agreement (provided he has not revoked his acceptance of the Agreement), the Executive shall become fully vested in all of the 47,200 shares of restricted stock that remain unvested from the Executive's (i) October 19, 2009 grant of 40,000 shares of restricted stock; and (ii) May 12, 2010 grant of 10,800 shares of restricted stock, pursuant to the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended.

c. <u>COBRA Continuation</u>. Provided the Executive is eligible for and timely elects to continue receiving group medical insurance pursuant to the federal "COBRA" law, 29 U.S.C. § 1161 <u>et seq.</u> and for so long as he does not become eligible for coverage under another group health plan maintained by a subsequent employer, for a period of up to eighteen (18) months following the Resignation Date, the Company shall pay the share of the premium for family health and family dental coverage that is paid by the Company for active and similarly situated employees who receive the same type of coverage; provided, however, that (i) the Company and the Executive mutually agree that if such payments by the Company would cause the Company to be subject to material tax liability or penalties, the parties will make reasonable efforts to restructure the arrangement consistent with the intent of this provision so as to avoid such adverse tax consequence, and (ii) to the extent such benefits cannot be provided to non-employees, then the Executive will receive the cash equivalent thereof, based on the cost thereof to the Company, paid proportionately over an eighteen (18) month period. All other Company benefits will end on the Resignation Date.

2. <u>Release of Claims</u>. In consideration of the Executive's continued employment with the Company through the Resignation Date and the Severance Benefits, which the Executive acknowledges he would not otherwise be entitled to receive, the Executive hereby fully, forever, irrevocably and unconditionally releases, remises and discharges the Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries, parent companies, predecessors, and successors, and all of their respective past and present officers, directors, stockholders, partners, members, employees, agents, representatives, plan administrators, attorneys, insurers and fiduciaries (each in their individual and corporate capacities) (collectively, the "Released Parties") from any and all claims, charges, complaints, demands, actions,



causes of action, suits, rights, debts, sums of money, costs, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, agreements, promises, doings, omissions, damages, executions, obligations, liabilities, and expenses (including attorneys' fees and costs), of every kind and nature that the Executive ever had or now has against any or all of the Released Parties, including, but not limited to, any and all claims arising out of or relating to the Executive's employment with and/or separation from the Company, including, but not limited to, all claims under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, 29 U.S.C. § 621 et seq., the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq., the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff et seq., the Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq., the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act ("WARN"), 29 U.S.C. § 2101 et seq., the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 701 et seq., Executive Order 11246, Executive Order 11141, the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq., and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), 29 U.S.C. § 1001 et seq., all as amended; all claims arising out of the Massachusetts Fair Employment Practices Act., Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 151B, § 1 et seq., the Massachusetts Civil Rights Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 12, §§ 11H and 11I, the Massachusetts Equal Rights Act, Mass. Gen. Laws. ch. 93, § 102 and Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 214, § 1C, the Massachusetts Labor and Industries Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 149, § 1 et seq., Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 214. § 1B (Massachusetts right of privacy law), the Massachusetts Maternity Leave Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 149, § 105D, and the Massachusetts Small Necessities Leave Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 149, § 52D, all as amended; all common law claims including, but not limited to, actions in defamation, intentional infliction of emotional distress, misrepresentation, fraud, wrongful discharge, and breach of contract (including, without limitation, all claims arising out of or related to the Executive's September 20, 2009 Offer letter (the "Offer Letter") and May 18, 2010 Executive Severance Agreement (the "Executive Severance Agreement"); all claims to any non-vested ownership interest in the Company, contractual or otherwise; and any claim or damage arising out of the Executive's employment with and/or separation from the Company (including a claim for retaliation) under any common law theory or any federal, state or local statute or ordinance not expressly referenced above; provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement prevents the Executive from filing a charge with, cooperating with, or participating in any proceeding before the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or a state fair employment practices agency (except that the Executive acknowledges that he may not recover any monetary benefits in connection with any such claim, charge or proceeding). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, Executive is not releasing his rights and/or claims for vested benefits including but not limited to Executive's 401K, indemnification pursuant to the company's Amended and Restated By-Laws in effect as of the date hereof, COBRA, unemployment compensation which the Company will not contest. Further, Executive is not releasing his claims for breach of this Agreement.

3. **Business Expenses and Compensation.** — The Executive acknowledges that he has been reimbursed by the Company for all business expenses incurred in conjunction with the performance of his employment other than expenses that were submitted on or about

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July 21, 2011 and that no other reimbursements are owed to him other than those submitted on or about July 21, 2011. The Executive further acknowledges that he has received payment in full for all services rendered in conjunction with his employment by the Company and that no other compensation is owed to him except as provided in this Agreement.

- 4. <u>Return of Company Property</u> The Executive confirms that he has returned to the Company all keys, files, records (and copies thereof), equipment (including, but not limited to, computer hardware, software and printers, wireless handheld devices, cellular phones, pagers, etc.), Company identification, Company vehicles and any other Company-owned property in his possession or control and has left intact all electronic Company documents, including but not limited to those that the Executive developed or helped to develop during his employment. Other than with respect to computer accounts or professional subscriptions in the Company's name for the Executive's benefit, the Executive further confirms that he has cancelled all other accounts for his benefit, if any, in the Company's name, including but not limited to, credit cards, telephone charge cards, cellular phone and/or pager accounts. With respect to such computer accounts or professional subscriptions are cancelled as soon as practicable after the Resignation Date. The Company will work with him to allow him to retain his personal and general business information as well as personal and general business contacts from his Company computer.
- 5. <u>Continuing Obligations.</u> The Executive acknowledges and reaffirms his obligation to keep confidential and not to disclose any and all non-public information concerning the Company that he acquired during the course of his employment with the Company, including, but not limited to, any non-public information concerning the Company's business affairs, business prospects and financial condition. The Executive further acknowledges and reaffirms his obligations set forth in the Employee Non-Disclosure and Developments Agreement he executed for the benefit of the Company, which remain in full force and effect. The Company acknowledges that the Executive has no non-compete obligations to the Company.
- 6. Non-Disparagement. The Executive understands and agree that, as a condition of the consideration described herein, he shall not make any false, disparaging or derogatory statements to any media outlet, industry group, financial institution or current or former employee, consultant, client or customer of the Company regarding the Company or any of its current or former directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives or about the Company's business affairs or financial condition. The Company agrees to instruct its Senior Management and Board not make any false, disparaging or derogatory statements to any media outlet, industry group, financial institution or current or former employee, consultant, client or customer of the Company regarding the Executive. Further, the Company acknowledges that it will provide an agreed upon oral job performance reference as follows: "John was an outstanding addition to our senior management team during his nearly two years with AMSC. We were sorry to see him leave. John exhibited great partnership, strong leadership, a keen insight on market dynamics, superior negotiating and execution capability and an outstanding work ethic." The Company will provide this reference for up to 12 months from the Resignation Date and the Executive shall forward all

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requests for a reference to Susan DiCecco or Daniel McGahn, or their successors if any. The Company also agrees to allow Executive to review and approve both public and internal communications regarding his departure before such communications are released.

- 7. <u>Continued Assistance</u>. The Executive agrees that during the time period he is receiving the Severance Benefits stated in this Agreement, he will provide all reasonable cooperation to the Company, including but not limited to, assisting the Company in transitioning his job duties, assisting the Company in defending against and/or prosecuting any litigation or threatened litigation, and performing any other tasks as reasonably requested by the Company. The Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for reasonable business expenses incurred in such cooperation and to be reasonable in its requests for assistance.
- 8. <u>Confidentiality</u>. To the extent permitted by law, the Executive understands and agrees that, as a condition of the consideration described herein, the terms and contents of this Agreement and the contents of the negotiations and discussions resulting in this Agreement, shall be maintained as confidential by him and his agents and representatives, including but not limited to, his attorneys and financial advisors and shall not be disclosed to any third party except as otherwise agreed to in writing by the Company. Notwithstanding the above, the Executive may share the contents of this Agreement to his immediate family (provided they agree to keep the terms confidential), the office of unemployment and taxing authorities.
- 9. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon the parties and may not be modified in any manner, except by an instrument in writing of concurrent or subsequent date signed by duly authorized representatives of the parties hereto. This Agreement is binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties and their respective agents, assigns, heirs, executors, successors and administrators.
- 10. <u>Waiver of Rights.</u> No delay or omission by the Company in exercising any right under this Agreement shall operate as a waiver of that or any other right. A waiver or consent given by the Company on any one occasion shall be effective only in that instance and shall not be construed as a bar to or waiver of any right on any other occasion.
- 11. <u>Validity</u>. Should any provision of this Agreement be declared or be determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal or invalid, the validity of the remaining parts, terms or provisions shall not be affected thereby and said illegal or invalid part, term or provision shall be deemed not to be a part of this Agreement.
- 12. <u>Acknowledgments</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has been given more than twenty-one days (21) to consider this Agreement and that the Company advised him to consult with an attorney of his own choosing prior to signing this Agreement. The Executive understands that he may revoke the Agreement for a period of seven (7) days after he signs it, and the Agreement shall not be effective or enforceable until the

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expiration of this seven (7) day period. The Executive understands and agrees that by entering into the Agreement he is waiving any and all rights or claims he may have under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, and that he has received consideration beyond that to which he was previously entitled.

- 13. <u>Nature of Agreement.</u> The Executive understands and agrees that this Agreement, is a severance agreement and does not constitute an admission of liability or wrongdoing on the part of the Company, or the Executive.
- 14. <u>Voluntary Assent.</u> The Executive affirms that no other promises or agreements of any kind have been made to or with him by any person or entity whatsoever to cause him to sign this Agreement, and that he fully understands the meaning and intent of this Agreement. The Executive states and represents that he has had an opportunity to fully discuss and review the terms of this Agreement with an attorney. The Executive further states and represents that he has carefully read this Agreement, understands the contents herein, freely and voluntarily assents to all of the terms and conditions hereof, and signs his name of his own free act.
- 15. <u>Applicable Law.</u> This Agreement and shall be interpreted and construed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, without regard to conflict of laws provisions. The Executive hereby irrevocably submits to and acknowledges and recognizes the jurisdiction of the courts of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, or if appropriate, a federal court located in Massachusetts (which courts, for purposes of this Agreement, are the only courts of competent jurisdiction), over any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of, under or in connection with this Agreement or the subject matter thereof.
- 16. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contain and constitute the entire understanding and agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the Executive's severance benefits and the settlement of claims against the Company and cancel all previous oral and written negotiations, agreements, commitments and writings in connection therewith, including, without limitation, the Offer Letter and Executive's Severance Agreement dated May 18, 2010. Nothing in this paragraph, however, shall modify, cancel or supersede the Executive's obligations set forth in paragraphs 5 and 6 above.
- 17. Tax Consequences; Section 409A. The parties intend that the payments and benefits hereunder be exempt from or comply with the provisions of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (together with Treasury Regulations and other written guidance, "Section 409A"). The Company makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to the Executive or any other person as to the tax consequences of payments or benefits hereunder, including liability that may arise if any provisions of this Agreement and the attachments hereto are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A but do not satisfy the conditions of such section.

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| By: /s/ Daniel P. McGahn | July 26, 2011 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Daniel P. McGahn | Date |
| President and Chief Executive Officer | |
| JOHN R. COLLETT | |
| /s/ John R. Collett | July 26, 2011 |
| | Date |
| | - 7 - |
| | |

ATTACHMENT A

PAYMENTS SUBJECT TO SECTION 409A

1. Subject to this Attachment A, any Severance Benefits that may be due under the Agreement to which this Attachment A is attached shall begin only upon the date of the Executive's "separation from service" (determined as set forth below) which occurs on or after the cessation of his employment. The following rules shall apply with respect to distribution of the Severance Benefits, if any, to be provided to the Executive under the Agreement, as applicable:

(a) It is intended that each installment of the Severance Benefits under the Agreement shall be treated as a "separate payment" for purposes of Section 409A. Neither the Company nor the Executive shall have the right to accelerate or defer the delivery of any such payments except to the extent specifically permitted or required by Section 409A.

(b) If, as of the date of the Executive's "separation from service" from the Company, he is not a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Section 409A), then each installment of the Severance Benefits shall be made on the dates and terms set forth in the Agreement.

(c) If, as of the date of the Executive's "separation from service" from the Company, he is a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Section 409A), then:

(i) Each installment of the Severance Benefits due under the Agreement that, in accordance with the dates and terms set forth herein, will in all circumstances, regardless of when the Executive's separation from service occurs, be paid within the short-term deferral period (as defined under Section 409A) shall be treated as a short-term deferral within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(4) to the maximum extent permissible under Section 409A; and

(ii) Each installment of the Severance Benefits due under the Agreement that is not described in this Attachment A, Section 1(c)(i) and that would, absent this subsection, be paid within the six-month period following his "separation from service" from the Company shall not be paid until the date that is six months and one day after such separation from service (or, if earlier, the Executive's death), with any such installments that are required to be delayed being accumulated during the six-month period and paid in a lump sum on the date that is six months and one day following his separation from service and any subsequent installments, if any, being paid in accordance with the dates and terms set forth herein; provided, however, that the preceding provisions of this sentence shall not apply to any installment of payments if and to the maximum extent that such

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installment is deemed to be paid under a separation pay plan that does not provide for a deferral of compensation by reason of the application of Treasury Regulation 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii) (relating to separation pay upon an involuntary separation from service). Any installments that qualify for the exception under Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii) must be paid no later than the last day of the Executive's second taxable year following the taxable year in which the separation from service occurs.

2. The determination of whether and when the Executive's separation from service from the Company has occurred shall be made and in a manner consistent with, and based on the presumptions set forth in, Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(h). Solely for purposes of this Attachment A, Section 2, "Company" shall include all persons with whom the Company would be considered a single employer under Section 414(b) and 414(c) of the Code.

3. The Company makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to the Executive or to any other person if any of the provisions of the Agreement (including this Attachment) are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A but that do not satisfy an exemption from, or the conditions of, that section.

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SEVERANCE AGREEMENT

This Severance Agreement (the "Agreement") is made as of this 12th day of September, 2011 by and between American Superconductor Corporation (the "Company"), and Charles W. Stankiewicz (the "Executive").

WHEREAS, the Executive currently serves as the Company's Executive Vice President, Operations and Grid Segment;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive believe that it is in their mutual best interests for the Company to terminate the Executive's employment effective August 23, 2011 (the "Termination Date"), as part of the Company's current restructuring that took place on August 11, 2011;

WHEREAS, the Executive and the Company are parties to an Amended and Restated Executive Severance Agreement dated December 23, 2008 ("Executive Agreement") and a revised offer letter dated May 26, 1998 (the "Offer Letter");

WHEREAS, the Executive and the Company believe that it is in their mutual interests to terminate the Executive Agreement and Offer Letter and provide the Executive benefits in accordance with this Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Company has agreed to offer the Executive the severance benefits (as defined below) set forth in Paragraph 1 below, provided that he signs and returns this Agreement to the Company no earlier than the Termination Date but no later than October 7, 2011 and does not revoke it;

WHEREAS, the Company advised the Executive to consult with an attorney of his own choosing prior to executing this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Executive requested certain changes to this Agreement, and the Company made some of the requested changes.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual covenants contained herein, the parties agree as follows:

1. <u>Severance Benefits</u>. Provided the Executive timely signs and returns this Agreement no earlier than his Termination Date, and does not revoke this Agreement, the Company will provide him, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in Attachment A, the following severance benefits (the "Severance Benefits"):

(a) <u>Severance Pay</u>. The Company will pay to the Executive \$717,500, less all applicable taxes and withholdings, as severance pay (an amount equivalent to eighteen (18) months of his current base salary and an additional \$200,000 in consideration of his entering into and abiding by the non-competition and non-solicitation provisions set forth

in Paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 below) (the "Severance Pay"). The Severance Pay will be paid on a pro-rata basis as salary continuation over eighteen (18) months in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices, but in no event shall payment begin earlier than the eighth (8th) day after the Executive's execution of the Agreement (provided he has not revoked his acceptance of the Agreement). If the Executive dies before receiving the entire Severance Pay, the remaining payments will be paid to his wife, if living. If his wife is not living at the time payment is to be made, any remaining payments shall be paid to his estate. The Severance Pay shall be subject to the terms of Attachment A.

(b) Extension of Exercise Period for Option Grant #2965. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company has approved that on the eighth (8th) day after the Executive's execution and timely return of the Agreement (provided he has not revoked his acceptance of the Agreement), the Executive's period to exercise the 80,000 vested options granted pursuant to the option grant #2965 made on May 15, 2007 shall remain exercisable until May 14, 2017, unless the exercise period is terminated in accordance with section (f) of this Paragraph 1.

(c) <u>COBRA Continuation</u>. Provided the Executive is eligible for and timely elects to continue receiving group medical insurance pursuant to the federal "COBRA" law, 29 U.S.C. § 1161 <u>et seq.</u> and for so long as he does not become eligible for coverage under another group health plan maintained by a subsequent employer, for a period of up to eighteen (18) months following the Termination Date, the Company shall pay the share of the premium for family health and family dental coverage that is paid by the Company for active and similarly situated employees who receive the same type of coverage; provided, however, that (i) the Company and the Executive mutually agree that if such payments by the Company would cause the Company to be subject to material tax liability or penalties, the parties will make reasonable efforts to restructure the arrangement consistent with the intent of this provision so as to avoid such adverse tax consequence, and (ii) to the extent such benefits cannot be provided to non-employees, then the Executive will receive the cash equivalent thereof, based on the cost thereof to the Company, paid proportionately over an eighteen (18) month period. All other Company benefits will end on the Termination Date.

(d) <u>Outplacement</u>. The Company will provide the Executive with executive outplacement services at its cost with the firm of Lee Hecht Harrison. The Executive must initiate use of the services by March 31, 2012.

(e) <u>Continued Appointment as Company Representative on Certain Boards of Directors</u>. The Executive will continue to serve as the Company's representative on the Board(s) of Directors of certain company's in which the Company has, or may have, an interest. The Executive's service shall be at the discretion and pleasure of the Company and such service may be terminated at any time upon twenty-four (24) hours notice to the Company's last known address in the Company's records. Upon notice from the Company of termination of his service, the Executive will promptly take all steps necessary to remove himself from the applicable board and transition his appointment to an individual, or individuals, designated by the Company. For this service, the Executive shall be compensated at the rate of \$1,000 for participation in each applicable board telephone

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conference, \$1,500 for participation for attendance at in person board meetings and reimbursement of other expenses in accordance with Company policy.

(f) Ability to Terminate Severance Pay Payments. In the event the Executive is in breach of or violates any provision of this Agreement, other than Paragraphs 5 and 6, the Company will notify the Executive of such breach and shall provide him with thirty (30) days from the date of such notice to present evidence as to why such a breach has not occurred or, if curable, the breach has been cured. If the Company in good faith continues to believe that a breach has occurred, or that the Executive's cure was inadequate, it shall have the right to immediately cease making Severance Benefits payments, or set-off against remaining payments, up to a total maximum amount of \$200,000. The Executive further agrees that if the Severance Pay is decreased pursuant to this Paragraph (f) of Paragraph 1, the Release of Claims set forth in Paragraph 2 shall remain in full force and effect and that to the extent the Executive has not exercised outstanding options with the Company, such ability to exercise such options will terminate immediately and automatically as of the date the Company notifies the Executive in writing of such termination. All written notifications will be mailed by first class mail to the Executive's last known address in the Company's records. With regard to Paragraphs 5 and 6, the Company may take immediate action for any breach or violation without providing notice to the Executive, including, but not limited to setting off payments and seeking injunctive relief. For the avoidance of doubt, if the Company terminates or sets-off payments pursuant to this Paragraph 1(f), the total amount withheld or set-off shall not exceed \$200,000. Nothing herein, however shall prevent the Company from seeking additional monetary damages in excess of \$200,000 as well as injunctive or other equitable relief. Any set-off and/or termination of the right to exercise outstanding options shall not be deemed liquidated damages nor shall it in any way limit the types or amounts of damages and relief available to the Company. If the Executive challenges any action taken by the Company pursuant to this Paragraph 1(f) in a court of law, the prevailing party as determined by a judgment in its favor shall be entitled to reimbursement of its attorney's fees and costs. If the Executive prevails and is to receive the amount set-off, such payment shall be made in 30 days of such judgment.

2. <u>Release of Claims</u>. (a) In consideration of the Severance Benefits, which the Executive acknowledges he would not otherwise be entitled to receive, the Executive hereby fully, forever, irrevocably and unconditionally releases, remises and discharges the Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries, parent companies, predecessors, and successors, and all of their respective past and present officers, directors, stockholders, partners, members, employees, agents, representatives, plan administrators, attorneys, insurers and fiduciaries (each in their individual and corporate capacities) (collectively, the "Released Parties") from any and all claims, charges, complaints, demands, actions, causes of action, suits, rights, debts, sums of money, costs, accounts, reckonings, covenants, contracts, agreements, promises, doings, omissions, damages, executions, obligations, liabilities, and expenses (including attorneys' fees and costs), of every kind and nature that the Executive ever had or now has against any or all of the Released Parties, including, but not limited to, any and all claims arising out of or relating to the Executive's employment with and/or separation from the Company, including, but not limited to, all claims under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e <u>et seq.</u>, the Age Discrimination in

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Employment Act, 29 U.S.C. § 621 <u>et seq.</u>, the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 <u>et seq.</u>, the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff <u>et seq.</u>, the Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. § 2601 <u>et seq.</u>, the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act ("WARN"), 29 U.S.C. § 2101 <u>et seq.</u>, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 701 <u>et seq.</u>, Executive Order 11246, Executive Order 11141, the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681 <u>et seq.</u>, and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), 29 U.S.C. § 1001 <u>et seq.</u>, all as amended; all claims arising out of the Massachusetts Fair Employment Practices Act., Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 151B, § 1 <u>et seq.</u>, the Massachusetts Civil Rights Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 12, §§ 11H and 11I, the Massachusetts Equal Rights Act, Mass. Gen. Laws. ch. 93, § 102 and Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 214, § 1C, the Massachusetts Labor and Industries Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 149, § 1 <u>et seq.</u>, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 214, § 1B (Massachusetts right of privacy law), the Massachusetts Maternity Leave Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 149, § 105D, and the Massachusetts Small Necessities Leave Act, Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 149, § 52D, all as amended; all claims arising out of the Wisconsin Fair Employment Act, Wis. Stat. § 111.31 et seq., the Wisconsin Family and Medical Leave Act, Wis. Stat. § 103.10 et seq., and the Wisconsin Business Closing Law, Wis. Stat. § 109.07, all as amended; all claims arising out of or related to the Executive's Offer Letter and Executive Agreement"); all claims to any nonvested ownership interest in the Company, contractual or otherwise; and any claim or damage arising out of the Executive's employment with and/or separation from the Company (including a claim for retaliation) under any common law theory or any federal, state or local statute or ordinance not expressly referenced above.

(b) The only claims not being waived, released and discharged by this Paragraph 2 are those that are not waivable as a matter of applicable law; any claims the Executive may have for any wrongful act or omission occurring after the date the Executive signs this Agreement; any claims arising under this Agreement; any claims the Executive may have to government-sponsored and administered benefits such as unemployment insurance, state disability insurance and paid family leave insurance benefits; and any benefits that vested on or prior to the Termination Date pursuant to a written benefit plan sponsored by the Company and governed by the federal law known as "ERISA."

(c) Nothing in this Agreement prevents the Executive from filing a charge with, cooperating with, or participating in any proceeding before the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or a state fair employment practices agency (except that he acknowledges that he may not recover any monetary benefits in connection with any such claim, charge or proceeding).

3. <u>Business Expenses and Compensation</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has been reimbursed by the Company for all business expenses incurred in conjunction with the performance of his employment and that no other reimbursements are owed to him. The Executive further acknowledges that he has received payment in full for all services

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rendered in conjunction with his employment by the Company and that no other compensation is owed to him except as provided in this Agreement.

4. <u>Return of Company Property.</u> The Executive confirms that he has returned to the Company all keys, files, records (and copies thereof), equipment (including, but not limited to, computer hardware, software and printers, wireless handheld devices, cellular phones, pagers, etc.), Company identification, Company vehicles and any other Company-owned property in his possession or control and has left intact all electronic Company documents, including but not limited to those that the Executive developed or helped to develop during his employment. Other than with respect to computer accounts or professional subscriptions in the Company's name, including but not limited to, credit cards, telephone charge cards, cellular phone and/or pager accounts. With respect to such computer accounts or professional subscriptions, if any, the Executive further agrees to work with the Company to make sure that such computer accounts or professional subscriptions are cancelled as soon as practicable after the Termination Date.

5. <u>Continuing Obligations</u>. The Executive acknowledges and reaffirms his obligations as set forth in the American Superconductor Corporation Employee Nondisclosure and Developments Agreement dated June 2, 1998.

6. <u>Additional Post-Employment Obligations.</u> In consideration of the Severance Pay, the Executive agrees to abide by the following post-employment obligations:

(a) <u>Noncompetition</u>. For the period commencing on the Termination Date and ending on August 31, 2012 (the "Restricted Period"), and subject to the limitations set forth in this Paragraph 6, the Executive agrees that he shall not, directly or indirectly, either individually or as an employee, agent, partner, shareholder, owner, trustee, beneficiary, co-venturer, distributor, consultant or in any other capacity or through any affiliate, family member or otherwise, anywhere in the United States of America, China or Austria, participate in, provide assistance to, or have a financial or other interest in any Competing Enterprise. The ownership of less than a one percent (1%) interest in a Competing Enterprise whose shares are traded on a recognized stock exchange or traded on the over-the-counter market shall not be deemed to constitute financial participation by the Executive in a Competing Enterprise.

(b) <u>Non-solicitation</u>. The Executive agrees that during the Restricted Period he will not: (i) contact, solicit or service any customers or prospective customer of the Company that were solicited or served on behalf of the Company during the Executive's employment (hereafter "Active Customers"); (ii) directly or indirectly request or advise Active Customers or suppliers, vendors or other business contacts of the Company who currently have, or have had, business relationships with the Company during the Executives employment, to withdraw, curtail or cancel any of their business or relations with the Company; (iii) directly or indirectly induce or attempt to induce any employee or contractor of the Company whom the Executive had contact during his employment with

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the Company to terminate its, his or her relationship or breach its, his or her agreement with the Company.

(c) Nothing in this Agreement shall otherwise prohibit any future employer of the Executive from hiring employees or contractors of the Company without the Executive's involvement or counsel. It shall not be a violation of this provision if such future employer hires employees or contractors who respond to a general solicitation provided that the Executive had no involvement with such person's response to the advertisement and the future employer's hiring decision.

(d) For purposes of this Paragraph 6, Competing Enterprise shall have the following meaning: any enterprise, company or business unit of a large company, engaged in the design, development, manufacture, licensing or sale of power electronics for use in large scale products for electric reliability, power quality or utility scale wind turbines (generally at least 1,500 kw). Competing Enterprise shall also include, but not be limited to, any enterprise, organization or business unit of a large company involved in the design, development, manufacture, licensing or sale of high temperature, utility scale superconductor-based products. For example, Competing Enterprise shall include, but not be limited to: S&C Electric, Satcon, SMA, and business units of General Electric, Siemens, ABB Ltd and Schneider Electric which are engaged in the design, development, manufacture, licensing or sale of power electronics for use in large scale products for electric reliability, power quality or utility scale wind turbines (generally at least 1,500 kw). The following shall not be deemed to be a Competing Enterprise: (i) any solar panel manufacturer which sources or manufactures its own utility scale inverters solely for its own use; (ii) any energy storage company which designs or manufactures its own utility scale power electronics solely for its own use; or (iii) any development company which is engaged in the development, construction, ownership and operation of power generation or renewable energy facilities.

(e) The Executive agrees that any breach of the terms of this Paragraph 6 would result in irreparable injury and damage the Company for which the Company would have no adequate remedy at law. The Executive therefore also agrees that in the event of any such breach or any threat of breach, in addition to any other remedies available at law or in equity, the Company shall be entitled to seek immediate injunctive relief, without having to post a bond or other security, and to recover all costs and expenses incurred by the Company, including reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, in the event that the Company prevails in connection with such action. The terms of this Paragraph 6 shall not prevent the Company from pursuing any other available remedies for any breach or threatened breach hereof, including but not limited to, the recovery of damages from the Executive. The Executive further agrees that the covenants set forth in this Paragraph 6 are reasonable and valid, and the Executive waives all defenses to the strict enforcement thereof.

(f) For purposes of this Paragraph 6 only, the legal relations between the parties hereto shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Wisconsin, without regard to its conflict of laws rules.

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7. Non-Disparagement. The Executive understands and agree that, as a condition of the consideration described herein he shall not make any false, disparaging or derogatory statements to any media outlet, industry group, financial institution or current or former employee, consultant, client or customer of the Company regarding the Company or any of its current or former directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives or about the Company's business affairs or financial condition. The Company agrees to instruct its Senior Management and Board not make any false, disparaging or derogatory statements about the Executive to any media outlet, industry group, financial institution or current or former employee, consultant, client or customer of the Company.

8. <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. The Executive represents and warrants that while he was employed by the Company he complied with all of the Company's policies and practices in effect from time to time and that all of the actions taken by him on behalf of the Company or in furtherance of its business were in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Executive further warrants and represents that he is not aware of any conduct that could give rise to any liability of the Released Parties.

9. <u>Continued Assistance</u>. The Executive agrees that during the time period he is receiving the Severance Benefits stated in this Agreement, he will provide all reasonable cooperation to the Company, including but not limited to, assisting the Company in transitioning his job duties, assisting the Company in defending against and/or prosecuting any litigation or threatened litigation, and performing any other tasks as reasonably requested by the Company so long as such assistance does not exceed 20 hours per month and a total of 180 hours over the 18 month period. For purposes of this provision, the 20 and 180 hour limits shall not apply to assistance with litigation and board service set forth in Section 1(e) above. The Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for reasonable business expenses incurred in such cooperation and to be reasonable in its requests for assistance.

10. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon the parties and may not be modified in any manner, except by an instrument in writing of concurrent or subsequent date signed by duly authorized representatives of the parties hereto. This Agreement is binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties and their respective agents, assigns, heirs, executors, successors and administrators.

11. <u>Waiver of Rights</u>. No delay or omission by the Company in exercising any right under this Agreement shall operate as a waiver of that or any other right. A waiver or consent given by the Company on any one occasion shall be effective only in that instance and shall not be construed as a bar to or waiver of any right on any other occasion.

12. <u>Validity</u>. Should any provision of this Agreement be declared or be determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal or invalid, the validity of the remaining parts, terms or provisions shall not be affected thereby and said illegal or invalid part, term or provision shall be deemed not to be a part of this Agreement .

13. <u>Acknowledgments</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has been given at least forty-five (45) days to consider this Agreement, including Attachments A, B and C, and

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that the Company advised him to consult with an attorney of his own choosing prior to signing this Agreement. Executive understands that he may revoke the Agreement for a period of seven (7) days after he signs this Agreement by notifying Susan DiCecco in writing, and the Agreement shall not be effective or enforceable until the expiration of this seven (7) day revocation period. The Executive understands and agrees that by entering into this Agreement, he is waiving any and all rights or claims he might have under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, and that he has received consideration beyond that to which you were previously entitled.

14. <u>Eligibility for Severance Program.</u> Attached to this Agreement as Attachment B is a description of (i) any class, unit or group of individuals covered by the program of enhanced severance benefits and any applicable time limits regarding such enhanced severance benefit program; and (ii) the job title and ages of all individuals eligible or selected for such enhanced severance benefit program, and the ages of all individuals in the same job classification or organizational unit who are not eligible or who were not selected for such enhanced severance benefit program. As the Executive was party to the Executive Agreement with the Company, he shall only receive benefits in accordance with this Agreement and not in accordance with the plan.

15. <u>Nature of Agreement</u>. The Executive understands and agrees that this Agreement is a severance agreement and does not constitute an admission of liability or wrongdoing on the part of the Company, or the Executive.

16. <u>Voluntary Assent.</u> The Executive affirms that no other promises or agreements of any kind have been made to or with him by any person or entity whatsoever to cause him to sign this Agreement, and that he fully understands the meaning and intent of this Agreement. The Executive states and represents that he has had an opportunity to fully discuss and review the terms of this Agreement with an attorney. The Executive further states and represents that he has carefully read this Agreement, understands the contents herein, freely and voluntarily assents to all of the terms and conditions hereof, and signs his name of his own free act.

17. <u>Applicable Law.</u> This Agreement, other than Paragraph 6, shall be interpreted and construed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, without regard to conflict of laws provisions.

18. <u>Entire Agreement.</u> This Agreement contain and constitute the entire understanding and agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the Executive's severance benefits and the settlement of claims against the Company and cancel all previous oral and written negotiations, agreements, commitments and writings in connection therewith, including, without limitation, the Offer Letter and the Executive Agreement. Nothing in this paragraph, however, shall modify, cancel or supersede the Executive's obligations set forth in Paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 above.

19. Tax Consequences; Section 409A. The parties intend that the payments and benefits hereunder be exempt from or comply with the provisions of Section 409A of the

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Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (together with Treasury Regulations and other written guidance, "Section 409A"). The Company makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to the Executive or any other person as to the tax consequences of payments or benefits hereunder, including liability that may arise if any provisions of this Agreement and the attachments hereto are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A but do not satisfy the conditions of such section.

By: /s/ Daniel P. McGahn Daniel P. McGahn President and Chief Executive Officer

CHARLES W. STANKIEWICZ

/s/ Charles W. Stankiewicz

September 12, 2011 Date

September 12, 2011 Date

ATTACHMENT A

PAYMENTS SUBJECT TO SECTION 409A

1. Subject to this Attachment A, any Severance Benefits that may be due under the Agreement to which this Attachment A is attached shall begin only upon the date of the Executive's "separation from service" (determined as set forth below) which occurs on or after the cessation of his employment. The following rules shall apply with respect to distribution of the Severance Benefits, if any, to be provided to the Executive under the Agreement, as applicable:

(a) It is intended that each installment of the Severance Benefits under the Agreement shall be treated as a "separate payment" for purposes of Section 409A. Neither the Company nor the Executive shall have the right to accelerate or defer the delivery of any such payments except to the extent specifically permitted or required by Section 409A.

(b) If, as of the date of the Executive's "separation from service" from the Company, he is not a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Section 409A), then each installment of the Severance Benefits shall be made on the dates and terms set forth in the Agreement.

(c) If, as of the date of the Executive's "separation from service" from the Company, he is a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Section 409A), then:

(i) Each installment of the Severance Benefits due under the Agreement that, in accordance with the dates and terms set forth herein, will in all circumstances, regardless of when the Executive's separation from service occurs, be paid within the short-term deferral period (as defined under Section 409A) shall be treated as a short-term deferral within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(4) to the maximum extent permissible under Section 409A; and

(ii) Each installment of the Severance Benefits due under the Agreement that is not described in this Attachment A, Section 1(c)(i) and that would, absent this subsection, be paid within the six-month period following his "separation from service" from the Company shall not be paid until the date that is six months and one day after such separation from service (or, if earlier, the Executive's death), with any such installments that are required to be delayed being accumulated during the six-month period and paid in a lump sum on the date that is six months and one day following his separation from service and any subsequent installments, if any, being paid in accordance with the dates and terms set forth herein; provided, however, that the preceding provisions of this sentence shall not apply to any installment of payments if and to the maximum extent that that such installment is deemed to be paid under a separation pay plan that does not provide for a deferral of compensation by reason of the application of Treasury Regulation 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii) (relating to separation pay upon an involuntary separation from

service). Any installments that qualify for the exception under Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii) must be paid no later than the last day of the Executive's second taxable year following the taxable year in which the separation from service occurs.

2. The determination of whether and when the Executive's separation from service from the Company has occurred shall be made and in a manner consistent with, and based on the presumptions set forth in, Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(h). Solely for purposes of this Attachment A, Section 2, "Company" shall include all persons with whom the Company would be considered a single employer under Section 414(b) and 414(c) of the Code.

3. The Company makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to the Executive or to any other person if any of the provisions of the Agreement (including this Attachment) are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A but that do not satisfy an exemption from, or the conditions of, that section.

ATTACHMENT B

OLDER WORKERS BENEFIT PROTECTION ACT NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

As a result of the Company's efforts to better align its costs with its current cash flow, your employment with the Company is being terminated and you have been selected to receive an offer of enhanced severance benefits in exchange for signing a release and waiver of claims. In selecting you for termination and eligibility for this enhanced severance program, the Company considered position held, skill set and individual performance. In connection with the enhanced severance program, you are being provided with information as to: (i) any class, unit or group of individuals terminated and covered by such program, any eligibility factors for such termination and, therefore, eligibility for such program, and any time limits applicable to such program; and (ii) the job title and ages of all individuals terminated and, therefore, eligible or selected for the program, and the ages of all individuals in the same job classification or organizational unit who are not terminated and, therefore, are not eligible or selected for the program.

The Company determined that all employees in the classes, units or departments in the chart below would be eligible for the enhanced severance program. All persons who are being terminated in connection with this action have been selected for the program and their job titles and ages have been indicated in the chart below. The job titles and ages of individuals who were not selected for the program are also indicated in the below chart.

Employees who were selected and are age forty and over shall have forty-five (45) days to consider the Company's enhanced severance offer and may revoke their agreement to participate in the enhanced severance program within seven (7) days of their execution of such an agreement. Employees who were selected and are under age forty shall have at least seven (7) days to consider the Company's enhanced severance offer and do not have a right of revocation.

See Attached Chart

| Class/Unit/ Department | Job Title and Ages of Employees Selected | Job Title and Ages of Employees Not Selected |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Engineering | Controls.Engineer - 29 | Application & Standards.Manager - 60 |
| | Design.Drafter - 25, 27, 33 | .Associate.Product Field Support.Engineer - 41 |
| | DirectorGlobal.Engineering Integration - 49 | .Chief Engineer.Engineer Advanced Technology 52 |
| | Electrical Applications. Engineer - 48 | Design.Engineer - 55 |
| | Electrical.Engineer - 25, 26, 42 | .Director.Design & Development 60 |
| | Electronic Development. Technician - 37 | .Director.Engineering.Support Systems - 55 |
| | Embedded Software. Engineer - 50 | DirectorInverter Technology 45 |
| | Engineering.Technician - 52 | Electrical.Designer - 58 |
| | .Manager.Engineering.Services - 51 | Electrical.Engineer - 24, 26, 32, 34 |
| | .Principal.Applications.Engineer - 42 | Electronic Development. Technician - 32 |
| | .Principal.Power Electronics Controls.Engineer | |
| | - 46 | Embedded Software.Engineer - 36 |
| | .Senior.Mechanical Design.Engineer - 52 | .Lead.Software.Engineer - 38, 42 |
| | .Senior.Hardware Design.Engineer - 45 | Managing Director Advanced Technology 57 |
| | .Senior Prinicipal.Design.Engineer - 54 | Managing DirectorPower Systems Engineering 62 |
| | .Senior.Software.Engineer - 51, 57 | .Managing Director.Software.Engineering - 51 |
| | .Senior.Technical Fellow 54 | Mechanical.Engineer - 29, 37 |
| | | Power Conversion Products.Manager - 42 |
| | | Power Systems.Engineer - 26 |
| | | .Principal.Design.Engineer - 35, 46 |
| | | .Principal.Power Electronics.Engineer - 44 |
| | | .Principal.Quality & Reliability.Engineer - 58 |
| | | Product Field Support.Engineer - 37 |
| | | Product Manager - 43 |
| | | .Senior PrinicipalEngineer - 34 |
| | | .Senior Prinicipal.Design.Engineer - 51 |
| | | .Senior Prinicipal.Mechanical Packaging.Engineer - 59 |
| | | .Senior Prinicipal.Power Conversion.Engineer - 56 |
| | | .Senior Prinicipal.Power Electronics.Engineer - 36, 39, 64 |
| | | .Senior Prinicipal.Research & Development.Engineer - 36 |
| | | .Senior Prinicipal.Software.Engineer - 60 |
| | | .Senior.Electronic Development.Technician - 48, 61 |
| | | .Senior.Linux Database.Engineer - 50 |
| | | .Senior.Software.Engineer - 47, 49, 52, 62 |
| | Page 1 | |

| Class/Unit/ Department | Job Title and Ages of Employees Selected | Job Title and Ages of Employees Not Selected |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Engineering (continued) | | Senior.Principal.Embedded Software.Engineer - 32, 46 .Senior.Technical Fellow 41 Technical.Writer III - 71 Test.Engineer - 49 |
| Information Technology | Global Business.Analyst Non ERP - 48 IT Application.Developer - 34 | Applications.Developer - 30 Application Integration.Manager - 39 Network.Supervisor - 46 .Senior.Linux Database.Engineer - 43 |
| Human Resources / EH&S | Human Resources.Assistant - 27 Field Service.Safety Engineer - 30 | Human Resources.Business Partner - 38 Human Resources.Coordinator - 29 |
| Finance & Accounting | Operations Controller - 61 | DirectorFinance Power Systems 44 .Manager.Revenue Administration 42 .SeniorAccountant - 45, 47 |
| Administration | Executive VPOperations & Grid Segment 52* | ExecutivePower Systems.Secretary - 42 SeniorPrograms.Manager - 51 |
| Projects | Project Manager - 46 Project Planning and Control.Manager - 58 | Project Manager - 34, 42 Product Development.Project Management - 47, 50 Product Development.Project Manager - 47, 55 Senior.Manager.Project Implementation 36 |
| Manufacturing | Inventory Control.Clerk - 59 .Lead.Manufacturing.Technician - 33 Manufacturing Electronics.Technician - 26, 31, 40 Manufacturing Electronics.TechnicianII - 34, 38 Production.Supervisor - 53 .Senior.Inventory.Coordinator - 35 Supplier Quality.Engineer - 32 Test.Technician - 24 Test.Technician II - 46 | Buyer/Planner 28 Managing DirectorPower Systems Operations 61 .Managing Director.Quality 43 .Manager.Logistics & Inventory 48 Manufacturing Electronics.Technician - 51 Manufacturing Electronics.Technician II - 42 .Principal.Design Assurance.Engineer - 34 .Principal.Test.Engineer - 54 Purchasing.Manager - 49 .SeniorBuyer - 33 |

| Class/Unit/ Department | Job Title and Ages of Employees Selected | Job Title and Ages of Employees Not Selected |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Manufacturing (continued) | | .Senior Manager.Test.Engineering - 55 |
| | | Senior.MasterScheduler - 34 |
| | | .Senior.Industrial.Electrician - 41 |
| | | .Senior.Manufacturing Electronics.Technician - 50, 56 |
| | | .Senior.Production.Supervisor - 39 |
| | | .Senior.Test.Technician - 40 |
| | | Test.Technician II - 54 |
| Sales & Marketing | | Business.Assistant - 46 |
| | | Business Development Solar 33 |
| | | DirectorBusiness Development Wind Power 49 |
| | | .Director.Global Sales Operation 56 |
| | | DirectorProduct Line Manager.FACTS - 34 |
| | | Executive VP.Sales.Business Dev & Wind Segment 44 |
| | | Inside Sales.Engineer - 25 |
| | | Managing DirectorGrid Sales 42 |
| | | Managing DirectorProduct Line Manager.Cables - 50 |
| | | Managing DirectorProduct Marketing / PLM 50 |
| | | Managing DirectorTransmission & Distribution 44 |
| | | .Principal.Transmission & Distribution.Engineer - 35, 49 |
| | | Regional.Sales Manager - 40 |
| | | .Senior.Consulting.Engineer - 54 |
| | | Transmission & Distribution.Engineer - 27 |
| | | |

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| Class/Unit/ Department | Job Title and Ages of Employees Selected | Job Title and Ages of Employees Not Selected |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service | DirectorProjects 67 | Electrical Service. Technician - 45 |
| | Field Service.Engineer - 37, 54, 55 | Field Operations.Manager - 54 |
| | Field Service. Supervisor - 50 | Field Service.Dispatcher - 52 |
| | Logistics.Manager - 45 | Field Service.Engineer - 24, 25, 41 |
| | Mechanical.Engineer - 32 | Field Service.Supervisor - 56 |
| | Planning & Programs.Manager - 53 | Inventory.Coordinator - 54 |
| | .Senior.Field Service.Representative - 23, 32, 35 | .Senior.Field Service.Engineer - 44 |
| | | .Senior.Field Service.Representative - 21 |

* individual is subject to executive severance agreement

ATTACHMENT C

Not applicable

Executive Incentive Plan

On August 9, 2011, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "<u>Committee</u>") of American Superconductor Corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and on August 10, 2011, the Board of Directors of the Company, approved an executive incentive plan for the Company's fiscal year ending March 31, 2012 ("<u>fiscal 2011</u>"). Participants in the plan include the Company's Chief Executive Officer and all remaining executive officers. The Committee is responsible for determining the payout under the plan to each executive officer except the Chief Executive Officer.

The Board of Directors of the Company determines the payout under the plan for the Chief Executive Officer, taking into account the recommendation received from the Committee.

Pursuant to the plan, the Committee designated for each executive officer a target cash incentive amount, expressed as a percentage of the officer's base salary. In establishing these targets, the Committee took into account for each officer the level of total compensation including base salary, cash incentive and equity paid by similar companies for comparable positions based on market data compiled by the Committee's outside compensation consultant Pearl Meyer & Partners.

The amount of the incentive award actually paid to each executive officer may be less than or greater than the executive's target cash incentive, with the amount capped at 156% of the target incentive. For each executive officer, individual incentive awards will be determined following the end of fiscal 2011 based on the following factors and their corresponding weightings:

- the Company's net income (loss) before amortization of acquisition-related intangibles, restructuring and impairments, stock-based compensation expense, other unusual charges and any tax effects related to these items for fiscal 2011 as compared to the target established by the Committee — 40%
- the executive's achievement of individual, measurable objectives during fiscal 2011 as determined by the Committee for all executives with the exception of the Chief Executive Officer, who is evaluated by the Board of Directors 40%
- the executive's overall contribution during fiscal 2011 towards the achievement of the Company's financial and non-financial objectives (subjective performance measure) 20%

The following table sets forth each current executive officer's target cash incentive for fiscal 2011:

| | | Target Incentive as % of | |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------|
| Executive Officer | Title | Base Salary | Target Incentive |
| Daniel P. McGahn | President and Chief Executive Officer | 100% | \$480,000 |
| David A. Henry | Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary | 50% | \$153,000 |
| Timothy D. Poor | Executive Vice President, Sales, Business Development and Wind Segment | 75% | \$217,500 |
| Susan J. DiCecco | Senior Vice President, Corporate Administration | 50% | \$121,000 |

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Daniel P. McGahn, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American Superconductor Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2011

By: /s/ DANIEL P. McGAHN

Daniel P. McGahn Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, David A. Henry, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American Superconductor Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2011

By: /s/ David A. Henry

David A. Henry Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American Superconductor Corporation (the "Company") for the period ended September 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Daniel P. McGahn, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 9, 2011

By: /s/ Daniel P. McGahn

Daniel P. McGahn Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American Superconductor Corporation (the "Company") for the period ended September 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, David A. Henry, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 9, 2011

By: /s/ David A. Henry

David A. Henry Chief Financial Officer